

# Bismarck Tribune.

VOL. VI.

BISMARCK, D. T., MONDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1878.

NO. 30.

## BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE

### NEWS GOBBLED FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD.

**The Mobbing of Two Colored Men--Heavy Snow Storms--Gains a Certificate--Bayard Taylor's Funeral--An Insane Congressman--Los Angeles--Miscellaneous.**

(Special Dispatch to The Tribune.)

#### MOBBED.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 23.--A special dispatch says that two colored witnesses, Clarke and White, subpoenaed by Marshall C. Bird in Louisiana, to testify in the election frauds in that State, were taken from the steamer by a constable named Jeff Cull, near New Orleans. While at Bird's plantation on their way back to Shreveport, a mob attacked the two men and murdered them. District Attorney Leonard asserts that all witnesses are threatened with death.

#### HEAVY SNOW STORMS.

The cold snap extends far South. Thermometer stood 3 above at St. Louis Saturday morning, and the furies could not run. There has been heavy snows in Quebec and Nova Scotia.

#### GAINS A CERTIFICATE.

The State board of canvassers give Hull, Dem., for Congress, a certificate on a majority of 14, counting out Brenard county, which went Democratic, and Madison county, which went Republican. The county board of Brenard county has been indicted for fraudulent returns.

#### GONE TO REST.

The funeral of Bayard Taylor took place in Berlin yesterday. A large crowd of distinguished literary and political persons attended.

#### WON'T STAND A REDUCTION.

A proposed reduction of 13 1/2 per cent. in collier wages affecting 100,000 persons in South Yorkshire and North Derbyshire, called out an immense meeting, and it is proposed that the whole district strike.

#### WILL FLEEING AMERICA.

Afghan news is to the effect that the Amir has fled from Cabul, and there seems to be no strong resistance to the British advance.

#### CONGRESSMAN INSANE.

Congressman Reddle, of Tennessee has been taken home in a condition bordering on insanity.

#### LOST WEALTH.

Brown, a financial clerk, in the Washington post office, lost a package of money containing \$10,000 in the treasury building Saturday, which has not yet been found.

#### TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Dayton, Mich., had a \$70,000 fire last week.

Lake City, Minn., is likely to secure the State Park.

Hon. Beverly Tucker died Wednesday morning of inflammation of the bowels.

Congressman Williams of the First Michigan district died Saturday morning.

The nomination of Samuel Hayes for postmaster of St. Louis has not been confirmed yet.

The Indians at the Red Cloud Agency are becoming uneasy on account of a scarcity of supplies.

The roads going east from Chicago have pooled their business and advanced rates. Another huge monopoly.

The postal cars will not be taken from the track as the appropriation bill has passed both houses of Congress.

Patrick Bourke and family of five children, at Cahos, N. Y., were burned to death in their house last Thursday.

It is expected that the U. S. Treasurer will have at least \$135,000,000 on the first of January with which to resume specie payment.

#### Accident to Don Stevenson.

Chris Gilson, the noted scout of Fort Keogh, arrived in this city Saturday with the information that Don Stevenson had met with an accident at Miles City and was on his way to this city with his wagon.

It seems that while attempting to jump from a wagon he slipped and fell upon a piece of wood which broke his leg. Fears were entertained of their safety, and Wm. J. Gilson, of Fort Lincoln, sent out a team of men to search for them. This party arrived last evening in Miles City, Don having a broken leg and a broken foot, one having his foot badly lacerated and the rest being frost-bitten.

#### Explanation Wanted.

The postmaster of the Buford postmaster office has not yet explained the loss of a registered letter received in February 1877. The letter, and for which he is held contained between \$300 and \$400 and as the gentleman to whom it was addressed has never received

it, the question arises who presented these checks for payment, which will be ascertained in a few weeks.

### "THE TWO ORPHANS."

The Last Performance Given by Fort Lincoln Amateurs.

A small number of invited guests gathered at the residence of Gen. Sturgis Thursday evening last to witness the performance of Oxenford's emotional drama, "The Two Orphans," by home talent. Perhaps no American drama ever written appeals so directly to the sympathies of the human soul, and is so profusely wrought with such touching incidents and thrilling situations as that of "The Two Orphans." Be it presented on the spacious stage with gorgeous scenery, or in the drawing room with the contrasting disadvantages, the effect is the same and if rendered, the play loses but few of its charms. The leading characters are difficult, and to perform them properly, requires not only confidence in one's self, but natural talent.

The cast on this occasion was excellent, and the performance passed off smoothly with but few mistakes. Miss Sturgis as Louise, the blind girl, had a keen apprehension of the requirements of her part, and with the exception, perhaps, of deep emotion, equalled Miss Klaxon's version of this character. Miss Price, as Henriette, the sister, merited much commendation, and La Fuchard, as personated by Miss Leasure, was excellent and true to the character. Miss Sturgis also took the part of Marianne. Mrs. Capt. Baker as Genevieve, the good mother, acted her part well, and Miss Clance, as the Countess, was very richly dressed and looked charming on the stage.

The gentlemen, in the main, were not below the standard. Lieut. Bell, as Pierre, the cripple, particularly distinguishing himself.

After the play the guests were cordially entertained by the General and Mrs. Sturgis, and dancing, pleasant chats, and mutual congratulations ended the programme of the evening's enjoyment.

### THE EXTENSION.

Letting of the Contract for Building 100 Miles.

The directors of the Northern Pacific railroad met in New York Tuesday to consider the bids for the construction of the 200 mile extension west of the Missouri. A great many bids were received. A New York dispatch says that "among the bidders were a number of persons from Minnesota, mainly from Minneapolis. Messrs. Dorris, Morrison and George A. Brackett and Mr. Ross of Canada, put in a bid for the construction of the whole section of 200 miles. It is said that their proposal is to build the road at the rate of about \$12,000 per mile, and take in payment the 5,000,000 acres of land earned by the construction of this 2,000 miles. Messrs. Morrison, Brackett and Ross went over and inspected the proposed line last summer, and are therefore better posted than other bidders as to the character of the work to be done, and of the lands they propose to take in payment. Messrs. D. C. Shepard, of St. Paul, and Langdon, of Minneapolis, who have been here several days, collecting data, put in a bid for cash. Messrs. John Martin, Hobart, Bull and others of Minneapolis, have also been here on the same errand. Mr. William D. Washburn, who has been stopping at the Fifth Avenue, denies that he is concerned in any of the bids. Some parties from Milwaukee were also among the bidders." A later dispatch says that the contract has been let to the lowest bidder, who are probably Messrs. Ross, Morrison and Brackett. The first 100 miles is to be completed by the 1st of November next. A revision of the survey was ordered on the second 100 miles, after which the contract for building will be let.

A still later dispatch, this morning, says the contract has not been let but that a New York firm will probably get it.

### Amusements.

Manager Whitney has given a good entertainment throughout the week, but the audiences have, on several evenings, been composed of such roughs as to cause any one having respect for himself to leave the house. However this very seldom occurs, but when there is a continued wrangle in the house it is not only painful for the performers on the stage, but disgusting to the better portion of the audience. Mr. Paul Le Petre's benefit was well attended, and he will remain another week. Two new artists will arrive Wednesday, and these with the present company, in which is Miss Ada Lawrence, will make the Bismarck Opera House second to none west of St. Paul.

### Lightning Change Artist.

The post chaplain at Fort Buford has deservedly earned the title of "the lightning change artist," by performing the services of different denominations according to the wish of his congregation. It is said that the rapidity with which he changes from the spotless robe of the priest to the Prince Albert of the Methodist exhorter is only equalled by Cerito and a few other rival celebrities in the lightning change business.

### Navigation Closed.

The ferry at the point stopped running last Monday. The cold snap was too much for it as it caused too much competition on the part of the ice route. The boat has done well during the past season and will probably undergo repairs during the winter.

## BY WATER TO THE SEABOARD.

### THE CONVENTION OF BUSINESS MEN AT ST. PAUL.

The Question of Improving the Sault Ste. Marie Canal Discussed at Length--Committees Chosen and a Number of Letters from Prominent Men Read.

#### THE CONVENTION.

The "commercial convention", called at St. Paul, met in the Opera House at high noon on Wednesday. There was a large number of delegates present, but not as many as appeared in the Pioneer Press.

Gen. H. H. Sibley, the veteran politician and soldier, delivered the address of welcome upon the part of the Chamber of Commerce. George H. Ely, of Cleveland, Ohio, was elected president, and Chas. Y. Osburn, the spicy editor of Marquette, Michigan, secretary. There were twenty vice-presidents chosen, representing towns and cities from Buffalo, N. Y., to Bismarck. Bismarck's vice president was Col. Wm. Thompson.

Two committees, one on resolutions, and one on statistics, consisting of 21 members each were chosen. John Davidson represented the Bismarck delegation on the committee on statistics, and Dr. Bentley on the committee on resolutions. They showed up Bismarck as a conspicuous point upon the commercial map of the Northwest.

#### LETTERS.

The afternoon session was taken up with the reading of letters from noted individuals. The first one was from Senator Windom. It was a broad-minded view of the transportation interests of the Northwest, and was heartily applauded. Letters from Senator McMillan, Zach Chandler, New York Produce Exchange, W. D. Washburn, Buffalo Board of Trade, Gen. C. C. Andrew, Gen. Wright, of Detroit, and others were read. H. P. Hall, assistant secretary, had to come to Mr. Osborn's assistance. The letters were too much for one man. They were full of information and seemed to cover the whole Lake interest.

Adjournment was taken to the Music Hall at 9 o'clock Thursday morning. The Opera House was too cold for another session. It sustained its reputation on Wednesday as a theatrical iceberg. Col. Graves' report on statistics. The introduction was prepared by Wm. L. Banning, of St. Paul, the chairman of the committee, and the statistics of the trade of Duluth, the tonnage on the lakes, the growth of the west, etc., were compiled by Col. Graves. It was a comprehensive statement, and told the whole story. Duluth as the Lake harbor of Minnesota and Dakota, was shown up by indisputable facts and figures.

#### WHAT IS WANTED.

Gen. H. H. Rice read the report of the committee on resolutions. It was that the vast region of country west and northwest of the head of Lake Superior, called for the improvement of our northern water way, so as to give the largest vessels free and uninterrupted navigation through the great Lakes; that the greatest obstruction is in the St. Mary's river between Lake Superior and Lake Huron, permitting vessels of but twelve feet draft to pass, and although the government has made large expenditures in the construction of a ship canal for vessels draining sixteen feet of water, it cannot be used until such further improvements are made to the river below as will give the required depth of water, and thus save the present loss of 30 per cent. in the carrying capacity of modern lake vessels.

The resolutions urged upon Congress the establishment of St. Mary's river as a free canal, and the speedy completion of the new lock and its approaches, the further survey of the channels between Lakes Superior and Huron, and the improvement of the present channel; an appropriation for the survey and improvement of the harbor (Duluth) at the head of Lake Superior.

The report was unanimously adopted.

#### DELEGATE TO WASHINGTON.

A resolution was adopted inviting the boards of trade in the sections of the country especially interested in the commerce of the great lakes, to appoint a delegate to go to Washington, and urge the passage of such measures and appropriations as will hasten the completion of the work.

A number of speeches were made by way of rounding up the business of the convention, and the committee to wrestle with a petition to Congress was appointed as follows:

H. M. Rice, St. Paul; C. H. Graves, Duluth; E. W. Durant, Stillwater; H. A. Taylor, Hudson, Wis.; R. C. Coute, Minneapolis; E. E. Tyler, Fargo; Mr. Hagaman, Oswego, N. Y.; and B. S. Sherman, Buffalo, N. Y.

A resolution of thanks to Jay Cooke and J. Edgar Thomson, for their tireless and successful exertion in promoting the development of the West, was adopted.

The convention was ended with some remarks by Chairman Ely.

An invitation to visit Minneapolis on Friday was accepted. The Milwaukee road tendered a special train, and the Minneapolis folks a good dinner at the Nicollet House. Thursday afternoon the

St. Paul & Duluth railroad invited the delegates to visit Duluth, and some of them accepted.

Of the Bismarck delegation C. M. Cushman, Geo. M. Bird and Thomas Van Etten stayed over. John Davidson returned to Brainerd, where he will spend the holidays. Bentley, Thompson, Bragg and Rea returned on Saturday evening. Bird and Cushman will be home Tuesday evening via Duluth. Van Etten will pass Christmas in St. Paul. C. A. Lounsbury is in Southern Minnesota.

#### A COURT ROOM SCENE.

He Did Not wish to be Humiliated Before His Friends.

A rather humorous scene occurred in the court room of this city last Saturday afternoon. The Hon. Ansley Gray, (of the Territorial House of Representatives) having had some difficulty with one of his neighbors named McBride, a settlement was being made through the courts. In the course of the proceedings the Hon. Ansley Gray (of the Territorial House of Representatives), took occasion to call McBride a liar, whereupon McBride planted his fist with about two hundred pounds pressure, in the vicinity of his eye. Scene a few moments after:

His Honor, the Court--"Will the Honorable gentleman please take off his hat when addressing the court?"

The Honorable gentleman (of the Territorial House of Representatives), pulling his hat down low upon his forehead--"If it please your Honor, the court, I have had the misfortune of being struck, and my eye, being somewhat disfigured, I pray the indulgence of your Honor, that I may not be humiliated before my friends," casting a searching glance in every direction.

His Honor, the Court--"It is granted; you need not take off your hat; proceed with the case."

#### FREIGHTING TO THE HILLS.

It Continues Regardless of the Snow and Wind.

Despite the cold weather and drifting snow, the freight traffic between this city and the Hills continues unabated. Forty teams belonging to Pennell & Roberts, of this city, arrived last week, making the round trip in the remarkable short time of twenty-two days. They leave to-day again, well loaded with miscellaneous freight.

The Northwestern Stage & Transportation company are also doing an immense business. Last Wednesday twenty-six wagons started for the Hills, having over 92,000 pounds of freight. Thirty-three wagons started Friday with about 93,000 pounds, and on Saturday twenty wagon loads of grain, weighing about 60,000 pounds, left for the same point.

#### Telegraph Line Out.

Considerable trouble is experienced in keeping the new military line in operation between here and Keogh. The line has been cut in several places, and as fast as it is repaired it is again broken. Last Wednesday Mr. Sherwood, of the signal office in this city, started out on horseback, following the line, to make repairs between here and Stevenson. He found the line cut midway between two poles, about thirty miles from here, the supposition being that the frost had contracted the wire to such an extent that it had broken. Communication is now extended to Stevenson, but the line is down in several places north of there. In some instances several feet of wire has been cut out, as if done maliciously, or by some teamster to make repairs on his wagon. A heavy fine is attached to such proceedings, and the perpetrators will be held to account if they can be discovered.

#### Naming the County Seat.

The Morton County Board of Commissioners met last week and among other things passed a resolution donating the court house grounds at Lincoln to the school board for school purposes, and named the new location of the county seat, Mandan. Next spring promises lively times in Morton county. Jumping claims is one of the leading pursuits at present--mostly by outside parties wishing to get on the line of the Northern Pacific railroad extension.

#### Did Them No Good.

It is now generally supposed that the 4,840 tons of hay burned at Keogh a short time since was the work of incendiaries who have hay to sell. The government has a considerable quantity of hay left, and Gen. Terry has issued an order not to buy any more. The burning of this hay incurred a loss to the government of \$135,520.

#### Montana Gold.

(Uelena Herald.)

Mr. James A. Slaven, of Silver Star, last week sold 150 ounces of gold bullion, 700 fine, which was saved from ore taken from the "Governor Hayes" lode, in that district. The Silver Star mines are yielding large amounts of bullion now, and constantly improving as their development progresses.

#### A Long Absence.

George Boelmann and E. F. Roberts, of Deadwood, arrived in this city last week and started east this morning. They have not been east for over eighteen years, they having come to the territories before the war.

## THE APPROACHING GALA DAYS.

### HOW THEY WILL BE SPENT BY BISMARCKERS.

Services at the Various Churches--During the Day--Christmas Trees and Grand Distributions of Presents--The Appearance of a City During the Holidays.

#### THE HOLIDAYS.

A walk through the streets of this city would be satisfactory evidence that the holidays were near at hand. The shop windows are full of goods, the toy shops are well stocked with delicate trinkets, the fat turkey has surrendered himself to the knife, and the markets benefit by the victory. Ten cent calico and fifteen cent muslin are marked "holiday stock," and the "ruralite" buys his family a complete outfit on the strength of the mark. The cabinet maker makes seventy-five cent frames for ten cent chromos, and thus he, also, reaps a harvest. The milliners and the dressmakers ply their trade with dexterity at this season of the year, and not a few white garbs are made.

The wayward young Arab, on the street who "makes himself seldom" in that vicinity, becomes a good boy and joins the Sunday school which is to have a Christmas tree. After the holiday festivities he will fall back to his favorite resorts, armed with a tin whistle and pop gun with which to annoy the passers-by, or the sleeping denizens.

#### "SANTA CLAUS"

will lavish his presents with indiscretion in some households, while others he will pass, with the remark that "he will come that way next year." A consolation to the average youth and a pecuniary saving to the "old folks."

This week is a week for retrospection, to look back during the year and console yourself with the thought that you might have done worse, but circumstances and an inward consciousness prevented. The financier balances his account and great is the indignation of the sturdy "son of toil" who finds he is eleven cents out.

Many a finger is being wet preparatory to turning over a new leaf in the

#### BOOK OF TIME

on January 1st, and many tear the leaf as it is turned. The best looking young man leave the city under the pretense of visiting their grandmothers, but generally lose their way and drop in where the watch-dog and the old man keep guard and eye each visitor with a suspicious eye. These are yearly occurrences and with out such the holidays would lose their charm.

The various churches will celebrate the places of amusement will celebrate, and wishing its friends a "merry Christmas," THE TRIBUNE, also, will celebrate AT THE CHURCHES.

The Christmas Eve celebration of the Episcopal Sunday school promises to be a grand affair. Extensive preparations are being made, and much interest manifested. The entertainment will be held at the school house, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. As the enjoyment depends somewhat on the size of the audience, a general attendance is urged. The Christmas trees will be loaded with gifts for both young and old. The following is the programme arranged for the occasion:

I. Carol--"O. Soft and Bright Was the Starry Night."

Our Father, etc.

Versicles and Responses.

Magnificat.

Lesson--Luke ii. 1-16.

Gloria in Excelsis.

Credo.

Versicles and Responses.

Collects and Grace.

II. Carol--"Merry Christmas."

Carol--"Silent Night."

Address.

Carol--"Gather Round the Christmas Tree."

Distribution of Presents.

Carol--"Farewell to thee, oh Christmas Tree."

Prayer and Benediction.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will also have a Christmas tree, which will be loaded with presents. The exercises will take place in the church at 7 o'clock, tomorrow evening. This a large school, numbering some eighty pupils, and a good time may be expected.

Services will be held at St. Mary's church Wednesday forenoon, and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock a grand distribution of presents will take place.

MISCELLANEOUS FUN.

Should the weather prove fair a grand glass ball shoot will take place on Christmas, in which many crack shots will participate. As the president elect of the anti-cruelty to glass balls association is absent, it is thought that many balls will be broken.

A Warm Reception.

(Black Hills Times.)

The citizens of Custer county, in northwestern Nebraska, near the Dakota line, are going for stock thieves in a right lively or deathly manner. On last week Tuesday night they captured a brace of the "stock fanciers" who have been operating in that section, and after tying them to a tree burned them to death. This way of treating stock thieves will no doubt have a very salutary effect upon others, but it seems to us that some less savage mode of ridding that country of thieves would be better. Why not simply hang them, and let them go at that?

IMPERFECT PAGE







A Hindoo scholar has become a Swedenborgian, and the fervent disciple has published a book in exposition of the works of his master, and in defense of his tenets. The name of this Oriental convert to the New Jerusalem Church is Rag Bahadur Dadora Pandurang.

The ill wind that carried off the body of A. T. Stewart will do some one good. Watching the remains of the dead after burial, has hitherto been the exception instead of the rule; but the New York *Sun* calculates that hereafter it will require five live men to guard one dead one, and hence there will soon be plenty of work for the unemployed.

The Sierra Nevada mining stock, which a month ago sold at \$280 a share, is now quoted at from \$34 to \$45. Its depression is thought to be more the result of stock speculation than of an actual decline in value. Should the anticipated bonanza in the Sierra Nevada mine be realized the rebound to high figures will be almost instantaneous.

One of the features about Japanese progress is the attention paid to female education. The Empress, who is said to be a very able woman, spends both time and money in fostering everything which looks towards the elevation of her countrywomen. Recently she invited a number of girls to the palace to make an exhibition of their needlework.

"You cannot imagine the terror with which the advancement of American industries is filling British manufacturers," said Prof. Silliman in a recent address. "We, as you know, took the leading prize at Paris for the best steam engine in the world, and it is not denied in Europe to day that America heads the list in the manufacture of agricultural machinery."

Says Dr. Albert Bernays, speaking of the English workmen: "He goes home, fretted and overworked, to a house which is nearly everything that it ought not to be. The museums are closed against him on Sundays, but the tavern is not. The parks and public gardens are removed from his haunts, and nothing is brought to his door but the public house."

In England a woman can obtain a decree of what is called judicial separation from her husband on the ground of his adultery, but not a decree of divorce unless desertion or cruelty can be proved as well. In New South Wales an act giving her the right to sue for dissolution on the ground of adultery alone has passed both Houses. It has been done several times before, but has been disallowed by the Queen.

Mrs Bemis, of Holliston, Mass., had been for thirty years a bedridden invalid. Medicines of many kinds had done her no good. Finally the Rev. Charles Cullis undertook her case. He read at her bedside passages of Scripture relating to the power of faith, prayed earnestly for her recovery, and touched her forehead with his forefinger, which he had dipped in oil. Mrs Bemis got out of bed immediately and has been well ever since. Whether it was the prayer or the oil that brought about the cure is not clearly explained.

In many respects the present must be a far more agreeable period for royalty to live in than the past. They can have so much more life and variety. Poor Marie Antoinette, whose very zest in living led her into a thousand indiscretions, would have worked off her superabundant energy in these days by foreign excursions, yachting, hunting, etc. The Empress of Austria, that horstiest of royal ladies, spent last year near Melton, England, and the year before in Northamptonshire. Now she is under way for the County Meath, Ireland, which is second to no hunting country in Christendom.

Following two attacks on the Emperor William and one on King Alfonso, the attempt of an Italian to assassinate King Humbert will make monarchs feel that their positions are just now beset with peculiar insecurity. Italy is infested with revolutionary and communistic societies, which only respect the monarchy until they are strong enough to overthrow it. King Humbert's assailant disowns any complicity with these associations, and adopts the common plea that he was poor, and so nourished hatred against his sovereign. His crime is, however, traceable to that deep discontent which permeates the lower strata of European society, and which invariably finds some hand ready to revenge its wrongs. Instructed to regard the sovereign in prosperous times as the source of bounty, such people visit on him the responsibility of their misfortunes. The young King of Italy should have inspired a better feeling. Since he came to the throne, last January, he has pursued a conservative course, and allowed his subjects a greater degree of liberty than they had ever enjoyed.

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

## CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

The families of John Keogh and Martin Bergan, Molly Maguires, who were to be hung Dec. 18, took leave of them Dec. 17.

Martin Bergan, the Molly Maguire who was to be hung Dec. 18, has been reprieved by the Governor of Pennsylvania to Jan. 6.

The board of pardons of Pennsylvania refused to reopen the case of John Keogh, sentenced to be hung at Pottsville Dec. 18.

Thomas S. Pennington, of Hastings, Minn., committed suicide Dec. 14th, by shooting himself through the head with a revolver.

At Winton, Hartford county, N. C., Samuel Jacob and Elbert Gotling, colored, have been sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. They were convicted of assault and battery with intent to kill Marcus Williams, colored, for voting for J. K. Keats, a Democrat, for Congress.

The Grand Jury of the United States District court at Madison, Wis., before being discharged adopted resolutions strongly censuring J. C. Mahon, Indian agent at LaPoint, for allowing intoxicating liquors to be sold to Indians, and directing a copy of the resolution to be sent to the secretary of the interior.

## PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The President has nominated Mrs. Emily J. Dillman, for postmistress at Toledo, O.

Secretary Sherman is making busy preparations for resumption on New Year's day.

The secretary of the treasury has issued a circular of instructions concerning the resumption of specie payments.

Gov. Smith, of Wisconsin has appointed E. S. McBride State agent to select and locate lands in the La Crosse, Eau Claire and St. Croix district.

Col. Robert McCurdy, assistant State Treasurer of Wisconsin and also Judge George E. Bryant are both down with a mild type of diphtheria at Madison.

The President has nominated L. Bradford Prince, New York, to be chief justice of the supreme court of New Mexico; Augustus J. Cassard, Louisiana, consul at Amoy.

The President has recognized Richard Reade consul of her Britannic Majesty for the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin, to reside in Philadelphia.

The directors of the Ohio penitentiary, appointed B. F. Dyer, of Brown county, chief warden. Dyer is a farmer, and has never held a public office. There were twenty-two applicants for the position.

At Indianapolis, Ind., William Merrick has been convicted of the murder of his wife. The jury were out but thirty minutes and returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, and affixed the penalty of death.

The Senate yellow fever committee has appointed Harris, Matthews and Conover a sub-committee to visit Memphis during the holiday recess, and Eustis, Lamar and Pad dock to visit New Orleans at the same time.

A London telegram of Dec. 12th, says, a man named Madden was arraigned at the Bowstreet police court, the day before, charged with threatening the life of Queen Victoria. Madden, it appears, is a harmless lunatic, and has been known as such for twenty years.

The Congressional House committees on appropriation have agreed to recommend an appropriation of \$450,000 for the expenses of the first mail service. The committee also completed the Indian appropriation bill. It appropriated \$4,710,000, \$57 less than the existing law. Judge Durham was authorized to report an amendment to the Senate bill providing for the purchase by government of the Freedman's bank and appropriating for the purpose \$275,000. The amendment reduces the sum to \$155,000. The committee decided to recommend non-concurrence in Senate amendments to the military academy bill.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Snow to the depth of a foot fell in Chicago on the 14th inst.

Two banks, the First National and the Commercial of Saratoga, N. Y., have closed their doors.

The west side Turner's hall, on first street, Minneapolis, Minn., was destroyed by fire on the 14th inst.

At Sheffield 2,000 children and 3,000 adults received beds last week. The mayor's relief fund amounts to \$30,000.

In New York city, December 17th, gold sold at par, the first time since the suspension of specie payment in 1863.

Great excitement has been caused in Cincinnati by the failure of the banking house of C. F. Adac & Co. Liabilities \$680,000.

London telegram: Public mourning for the Grand Duchess of Hesse (Princess Alice) will last three weeks, and the court will remain in mourning six weeks.

At Stockton the distress is increasing. Hundreds of families of iron workers are destitute, and an influential committee is canvassing for subscriptions and contributions.

An explosion of nitroglycerine and gunpowder occurred Dec. 13 at St. Bernard coal mines, Earlington, Ky. The shock was felt for miles. A train of mining cars, mules and negro driver were blown to atoms.

Recently, near the village of Byth, Canada, an elm was felled which measured eight feet in diameter at the butt, and over six feet at sixty feet from the root. The snapper took two hours and a half to fell the monster.

A Portland, Oregon dispatch says, in the U. S. District Court in the case of the United States vs. W. C. Griswold, charged with fraud in connection with Indian war claims of 1854, the jury have returned a verdict awarding plaintiff \$35,223.

The late railroad difficulty at St. Paul Minnesota, is at an end. The Milwaukee & St. Paul, and St. Paul & Sioux City companies have agreed to harmonize on the plan of owning an undivided interest in the right of way, and further conflict will cease.

At Birmingham a meeting, convened by the Mayor, has been held to consider the best means to relieve the distress which is de-

clared to be exceptionally severe and increasing daily. The mayor was requested to organize means for raising and distributing relief.

John Green and team, at St. Paul, Minnesota, Dec. 13th, were run over by a gravel train at the crossing of the St. Paul & Pacific railroad track, near the city mill. Both of his legs were crushed, and if he lives which is doubtful, one will have to be amputated. He also received other injuries.

The treasury department, to stimulate sales, contemplates fixing the commissions on subscriptions for 4 per cent. consols, up to June 30th, 1879, as follows: On subscriptions from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 per cent. From 1,000,000 to 10,000,000,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1 per cent. On amounts in excess of \$10,000,000, an additional commission of one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The Boston, Mass., *Herald* says there are several gangs of bogus commission merchants in that city under an organized leader who supplies all the capital. They obtain consignments on credit by means of circulars quoting high prices, and dispose of the goods in New York at low rates. More than a million dollars have been realized, and as the law does not reach them the business still thrives.

In New York city the two ringleaders in the car strike have been arrested, but the strike of drivers continues, and several assaults have been perpetrated by the strikers, and obstructions are placed upon the track. The railroad directors met and resolved not to take back any of the strikers, and to run the road as they deemed best. They have received many threatening letters, and are determined to bring matters to an issue.

A meeting of railroad officials was held in St. Paul on the 14th inst. Some half dozen roads were represented. The object of the meeting was to consider the question of a Union passenger depot in St. Paul. An agreement was entered into to build such a depot, and articles of agreement were presented to be submitted to the respective roads. The building is to be at the foot of Sibley street, and is to be 800 feet long, and 160 feet wide, with 40 foot space for carriages and omnibuses. The structure will cost some half million of dollars.

Dispatches of the 13th inst, from central and western Missouri, Iowa and Kansas, say the heaviest snow storm known for years prevailed there the day previous, snow falling to a depth of from ten to thirty inches, and in some localities is very badly drifted. Railroads were generally obstructed and some of them have been obliged to suspend running trains altogether. At Lexington, Mo., and other places schools closed and business stopped. At Fulton and Rock Island, the Mississippi river closed and people walked across it on ice.

The secretary of the interior has telegraphed to the Governor of Washington Territory with regard to the reported outrages by citizens upon Indians in the department of Columbia, instructing the governor to use his utmost endeavors to prevent any assaults upon the Indians and further informing him that the law officers of the government have been directed by the attorney general to prosecute all offenders in such instances. Negotiations are now in progress at the interior department with Chief Moses for placing his tribe upon a reservation.

At a cabinet meeting on the 17th inst., there was general congratulation among those present at the peaceable condition of things throughout the entire country. One member of the cabinet remarked that at no time within his memory was there more harmony and good feeling in all sections than at the present time. The financial condition was alluded to as thoroughly satisfactory, and the only indication of trouble anywhere was in the military department of the Columbia, where Gen. McDowell had some reason to fear Indian hostilities.

## SUSAN'S SHAME.

A Horrible Case of Infanticide Near Harrodsburg, Ky.

[Mt. Vernon Special to Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Two homicides, an attempted rape, and three or four minor offenses ought to be sufficient to place upon the crime calendar of Rockcastle county, in one month. But these crimes were not sufficient, it appears, and they fade into insignificance when you hear the details of an atrocity which occurred in this county last week, and which almost surpasses belief.

Susan Randall is an unmarried white woman about 26 years old, who has been for the past year living in the employ of an old farmer named Wm. Lowrie, on Skaggs' creek, in this county. Susan has, during all this time, been receiving the attentions of a man named Monk, who lives in the neighborhood. She has been an industrious servant, however, and prudent so far as appearances went. No one suspected that she was enciente until about a week ago, when old Mrs. Lowrie became suspicious that Susan was soon to become a mother. She said nothing about it, however, to anyone except Susan, who indignantly denied that there was a prospect for such an occasion.

Last Thursday evening Susan left the house and went to the woods near by, whence she returned in a little while with an arm full of wood. After she had been at the house a short time she complained of being sick and faint, and was presently induced to lie down. Mrs. Lowrie suspected that something had happened, and she dispatched her husband to the woods. After a short search he discovered a new-born, male infant, finely developed, covered with leaves and rocks, its head smashed to a jelly, and its throat torn and bleeding. Strange to say the child was still living. He carried it to the house, washed and dressed it. The little creature lived in great suffering till the next morning, when it died. Just before its death the mother for the first time showed it any attention. At her request it was given to her, and she nursed it for a few moments after, which she pushed it from her, and turned away her face that she might not look upon its sufferings.

A coroner's inquest was held over the body of the infant, and the verdict of the jury was that it came to its death from violence at the hands of its mother. She was placed in custody, but in her present condition the trial cannot take place.

## FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

SENATE, December 13.—Bill introduced to provide for a temporary increase of the army in an emergency. A bill to amend the pension laws. Notice to take up the bill for the relief of the Methodist publishing house of Nashville. A bill to secure more efficient collection of revenue from cigars. Consideration was resumed of the bill in regard to counting the Presidential electoral vote, and Senator Bayard spoke in favor of several other Senators spoke in favor of, and in opposition to the bill. The bill was passed by yeas 35, nays 26. Mr. Blaine made an ineffectual attempt to call up his resolution on Southern elections. Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE, December 13.—A resolution was introduced in reference to an investigation of the official conduct of J. J. Davenport United States supervisor of elections in New York. A bill was reported to authorize the Washington, Cincinnati and St. Louis railroad to construct a narrow gauge road from tide-water to St. Louis and Chicago. Mr. Kennard rose to a personal explanation in regard to sweeping newspaper charges of the drunkenness of members. Bills on the speaker's table were taken up and considered. A bill was introduced making the trade dollar a legal tender.

SENATE, December 14.—Not in session. HOUSE, December 14.—The senate bill authorizing the issue of duplicates of registered bonds stolen from the Manhattan savings bank of New York, was passed. The Indian appropriation bill was reported. The military academy appropriation bill was reported with senate amendments, which were not concurred in. A resolution in reference to the late Indian raids in Kansas and Nebraska, calling on the secretary of the interior for information as to why he had not surrendered the guilty parties of such Indian bands to the authorities of Kansas and Nebraska, was adopted. The Geneva award distribution bill was considered. The senate bill to regulate presidential elections was referred to the committee on the subject. Adjourned.

SENATE, Dec. 16.—A number of bills and resolutions were introduced during the morning hour. A motion to substitute the Texas Pacific bill for the regular order was rejected—yeas 26—nays 63. The Blaine amendment, extending the investigation to northern States, agreed to. A motion by Mr. Wallace to table the resolution was rejected—yeas 3, nays 60. The resolution was further amended so as to have the investigation conducted by a special committee of nine, instead of the judiciary committee. An amendment to conduct the inquiry with open doors was rejected by a strict party vote. Another amendment, of similar character, brought on a long and animated debate, at the termination of which the amendment was rejected.

HOUSE, Dec. 16.—Silver bills were introduced, bearing on the silver question—among them, two by Fort and Buckner to compel banks to secure silver dollars at par; by Mr. Gibson, appropriating \$3,500,000 for Mississippi river improvements from the passes to its headquarters. By Mr. Strait—Appropriating \$157,000 to start the Adams dunes in the Mississippi river, and a bill to grant additional rights to homestead settlers. The house proceeded to the consideration of District of Columbia business and passed the bill appropriating money for a bridge across the Potomac at Georgetown.

SENATE, Dec. 17.—The senate insisted on its amendments to the military academy appropriation bill. The consular and diplomatic appropriation bill was passed. Consideration of the Blaine resolution was resumed, and certain amendments, giving the committee certain powers, were agreed to. The resolution was opposed in debate by Wallace, White and Morgan, and passed by a vote of 56 to 6—those in the negative being Estlin, Hill, McCrary, Wallace White and Morgan. The house resolution for a recess was amended so as to apply to both houses, and further so as to have the recess from Dec. 20 to Jan. 7.

HOUSE, Dec. 17.—The Geneva award bill was discussed and laid aside. The bill to cover deficiency in the postal service appropriation was considered in committee of the whole. A lively debate ensued on the merits of the case. There was an interchange of personalities between Conger and Durham. The committee rose without amending the bill, which was then passed, and the house adjourned.

SENATE, Dec. 15.—Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, introduced a bill appropriating money for the improvement of the Monongahela river. Bills were passed as follows: Giving condemned cannon to the Custer monument at West Point; joint resolution appropriating money for expenses of yellow fever investigation; repealing the posse comitatus clause of the army appropriation bill, so far as it applies to sections subject to Indian insurrection; pension appropriation bill. The senate insisted on its amendments to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, and committees of conference were ordered thereon.

HOUSE, December, 18.—The senate amendment to the adjournment resolution, extending the adjournment was concurred in. Senate amendments to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill were non-concurred in. The bill appropriating money for the expenses of the yellow fever investigation was passed. The Indian appropriation bill was considered in committee of the whole. A joint resolution extending the time of the committee on transfer of the Indian bureau was passed. Bills were introduced giving Kansas courts jurisdiction over the Indian Territory; for the improvement of the Yellowstone national park.

## THE WIVES OF WALKER.

[Louisville Courier-Journal.]

Robert Walker, a glass-blower employed at the Star works, in New Albany, according to the statement of his own daughter, is a much married man. Miss Louisa Walker, aged sixteen years, came to New Albany in June last from England, where she left her mother and two sisters. Her object in coming was to live with her father, whom she had not seen since a mere child. The girl had not been in New Albany long before she found that her father was living with another woman, and that he had six children whom he called his own. Louisa lived with him a few weeks, and as his wife made it very unpleasant for her, she concluded to leave, and so informed her relatives. Her father declined to give up her clothing, and she was obliged to do the best she could in her every-day dress. She found employment at the Phoenix Hotel, and afterwards secured a better place at the residence of Mr. Albert Trimmer. Since she has been employed at the latter place her father has made application to have her weekly wages paid to him, and Mr. Trimmer holds one of the letters wherein Walker acknowledges that he is the father of the girl, and that he of right ought to have the money she earns. It has been the object of the girl to earn enough money to pay her way back to England to join her mother. Louisa says her mother does not know the condition of things, but has been written to and will soon send her marriage certificate to this country, that her truant husband may be punished. Walker says that he was married to his present wife in Boston, Mass., and that he obtained a divorce from his first wife in Boston in 1866. He does not remember the name of the judge who granted the divorce, or on what ground he obtained it. He does not deny that he had a wife in England, but says she has no claims on him now.

William Perkins, a nephew of Walker's, substantiates the statement made by the girl, and says Walker's first wife knows nothing of the divorce.

## DESPERADODOM.

A Louisville special of date of Dec. 8, says: Affairs in Breathitt county are in a far worse condition than reported heretofore. The only two newspaper men who have made their way into that county arrived in Louisville to-day, and describe a deplorable state of affairs. To reach Breathitt they were obliged to make a horseback journey of 150 miles over the mountains. The law of Kentucky is so framed that the Governor can only interfere in such affairs on receipt of a request for aid from the county judge. In the present instance the county judge has been killed. Gov. McCrory's messenger accompanied the two correspondents to the scene, and has laid his report before the Executive, who will now, it is thought, act promptly.

Ever since the close of the war Breathitt county has been cursed by bitter and relentless strife between a number of men who regard the civil law almost in the light of a joke. It is hard to tell what originated the present feud. Your correspondent talked with several persons, and each told a different story. One version is that at the close of the war a number of men resolved to go through the county and seize the animals, guns, pistols, saddles, etc., that had United States brands upon them, and represented themselves as United States officers; that they collected a large quantity of plunder, and quarrelled about the division of the spoils. Another account is that a boy set afloat a slanderous story about a Miss Cockrell, and that her friends took the matter in hand, resolved to punish her traducer.

The trouble first broke out between Capt. "Bill" Strong's party and some men named Amy. They fought until Strong exterminated his enemies. Then the Jettis and Cockrells took up the quarrel, and the war raged with more fury than ever. Jerry Little shot and killed Currier Jett, and was in turn shot by Jett's brother in 1874. Fights occurred at not very long intervals, and several men were killed and many wounded.

Last summer there was a hotly-contested race for county judge. Ex-Judge Edward Strong, Ex-Judge Butler, and J. M. Burnett, attorney at law, in Jackson, were candidates. The Littles, Ackmans, Gambrels, and Allens favored Edward Strong, while "Bill" Strong, the two Freemans, and other persons favored Burnett. All the candidates were Democrats except Burnett, who was supported by the Republicans. The election resulted in the triumph of Burnett by a majority of eight. The Little party claim that Burnett was not legally elected. They swore that Burnett should never be allowed to take his seat, and that they intended to kill him. Burnett was fearless, and sent word that he intended to fight at the regular time, in spite of their threats. When the day for holding court came Burnett summoned a number of resolute men and proceeded to open court. The bold stand seemed to overawe his enemies, and he was not disturbed. A few months ago Jason Little, one of the famous Little brothers, was arrested for the murder of this wife. He went home drunk, and the evidence is strong that he shot his wife in order to marry another woman. He was taken to Richmond jail for safe keeping, and was to have been tried at the fall term. The Littles, Ackmans, Allens and Gambrels threatened to release Jason Little when he was brought back, and this caused Judge Ballard to issue an order that a sufficient guard be sent to bring Little to Jackson for trial. Judge Burnett appeared at Jackson, and opened court Monday, Nov. 25, at the usual hour. The belligerents had agreed to stand arms when they came to court. About 1 o'clock in the morning Capt. "Bill" Strong, accompanied by the Freemans and a dozen persons, dashed into town, armed to the teeth, and most of them under the influence of whisky. Instead of standing arms, as agreed, they went about the streets, some with two or three revolvers, strapped to their belts, and some with Sharp and Ballard rifles. Shortly before noon the Little party came in, all well armed. They saw Strong's party armed, and regarding them in an unfriendly attitude, opened fire at once, killing one of the Freemans and wounding the other, the fight ending without further bloodshed that day. Tuesday Jason Little and guard were to arrive. Threats were made by the Little party that they intended to rescue Jason, and Judge Burnett agreed to send a party of fifteen men detailed to reinforce the Sheriff's guard. Burnett acted with great imprudence. He had known that his action would only add to the hatred. His friends tried to persuade him to give up his intention, but could not do so, and as soon as he placed himself at the head of the posse it was evident a fight was inevitable. Burnett marched his guard out and stood in front of them. Gambrel, of the Little party, who was about forty yards distant, remarked, "There's that Burnett again." Burnett lowered his carbine, and Gambrel did likewise. Some one cried, "Look out, they are going to shoot!" Burnett turned around to see what the trouble was, and received a carbine ball in the side. He walked a few paces, fell and expired.

Jerry Little and others started to jail to release Jason Little. Tom Little, a cousin of the prisoner, joined and tried to persuade them to let the prisoner alone, when a volley was fired by the guard, resulting in the death of Tom Little. The prisoner told them from a window that they need not try to release him, for he would give himself up to the jailer again. A regular battle was begun at this time, and bullets flew like hailstones around the court house. "Bill" Strong took a position in a log house, the Littles got in the court house, and the sheriff's guard in front of the jail. When night came the parties left their barracks, and to some extent dispersed.

Wednesday morning Judge Randall, without waiting to adjourn court, jumped upon a horse and took an unceremonious departure. Many claims remained unadjudged, and the sudden adjournment will cause much suffering, as the people needed their money.

The scene on Tuesday in Jackson, says an eye witness, was awful. Men crazed with whiskey charged through the streets afoot and on horseback brandishing revolvers and carbines, and threatening to kill every person who came in their path. Women and children ran through the yards and gardens screaming with fear, and many fainted. Blood flowed freely. It is not known how many persons were wounded, but it is thought a great many.

"Bill" Strong's party swear they will be revenged for the death of Burnett and Freeman, while the Littles say they will kill Strong and his whole posse if they can. Strong informed ex-Judge "Ned" Strong, John Hargis, an old man, and William Combs, jailor, that he intended to kill them to avenge the death of Burnett. William Day, a citizen living several miles from Jackson, has also been threatened, and is now at his father's house at Hazel Green.

"Ned" Strong has gathered about twenty-five men and is watching "Bill" Strong. The Littles are together in force, and there is no telling how soon another collision will occur. A gentleman, being threatened with an infectious fever, said to his little son who, in an affectionate mood wished to embrace him, "You mustn't hug me: you'll catch the fever." Willie, standing back, looked in amazement upon his papa, who, by the way, is a pattern of propriety, and quickly asked, "Why, papa, who did you hug?"



## Milking Time.

"I tell you, Kate, that Lovejoy cow is worth her weight in gold; she gives a good eight quarts of milk, and isn't yet five year old."

"I see young White's comin' now; he wants her, I know that. Be careful, girl, you're splint' it! An' save some for the cat."

"Good evening, Richard, step right in;" "I guess I couldn't, sir. I've just come down;"—"I know it, Dick. You've took a shine to her."

"She's kind an' gentle as a lamb, Jest where I go she follows; And though it's cheap, I'll let her go; She's your'n for thirty dollars."

"You'll know her clear across the farm. By them two milk white stars; You needn't drive her home at night, But jest let 'em down the bars."

"Then, when you've owned her, say a month And learn her, as it were, I'll bet—why, what's the matter, Dick?" "Taint her I want—it's her."

"What? not the girl? well, I'll be bl's'd!—There, Kate, don't drop that pab. You've took me mighty aback, But then a man's a man."

"She's your'n, my boy, but one word more; Kate's gentle as a dove; She'll follow you the world round, For nothin' else but love."

But never try to drive the lass, Her natur's like her ma's. I've allus found it worked the best, To jest let 'em down the bars."

—*Philip Morris in Scribner for August.*

## A LITTLE BROWN DOG.

He was a poor little fellow, errand boy in the large grocery of Rice, Cloves & Co. (I don't mean the brown dog, but Harry Jacklow), and he earned just two dollars a week.

Sixty cents of this went for care fare—he lived so far from the store that he was obliged to ride to and from it—and the rest to his mother, who, with that and the eight dollars a week she received from the cloak factory where she worked, supported herself, her children—Harry, twelve years of age, Eddie, seven, and Jennie, two—and Mr. Jacklow.

Mr. Jacklow was her husband, and the less said about him the better. I'll merely state that he could sit in a rocking chair and smoke and think longer than any man I ever knew.

But besides this two dollars a week, Harry, who was a bright-eyed, willing, whistling young chap, sometimes got a two or five cent piece, or, more rarely, a dime, from his employers' customers when the grocers' wagons being overloaded or the customers in a great hurry, he carried home their purchase for them. And it was this money he had been saving ever since the 1st of January, for the purpose of having a good time on the next holiday.

On Christmas day they had a real nice time at his house. His "boss" had given him two dollars, and the superintendent of the place where his mother worked had given her one, and somebody (he had never found out who) had sent them a large turkey, and the dressmaker down stairs had put a box of tools in Eddie's stocking—dear me! what am I saying? she couldn't have done that; I meant to say she had given Ned a box of tools, and Jennie a doll, in the name of Santa Claus—and Harry had presented his mamma with a new coffee-pot, and his mamma presented him with a woolen comforter and a pair of woolen gloves, and Mr. Jacklow had bought himself a new pipe; and when Harry saw how happy they all were, he quickly made up his mind to give them a party on the very next holiday, which would be the Fourth of July.

It was the 3d of July when my story commences, and Harry had kept his resolution of saving every penny outside of his wages. He had had to pass many a heap of ropy apples without glancing at them, run away from many peanut stands, force himself not to look into the tempting windows of the candy stores, and go by on the other side when he knew himself near a well known bakery, to do so; but he had done so, and now his reward was near.

The house in which he lived was an old-fashioned one in an up town street. A quarter of a century ago it had been a small farm-house, surrounded by meadows, but now it had a large tenement house on each side, and a whole row of brick buildings in front of it. But one splendid old oak tree still stood before the door—"Bully to tack pin-wheels on," said Harry to himself, and there was any number of children around to cry "Oh!" and "Ah!" as the fire-works went off. I have always noticed that when a boy is setting off fire-works, the more sh-ing and oh-ing there is, the brighter the fire-works look to that boy. Well, Harry had laid out the supper in his mind as follows: Ice cream, a whole quart, twelve cent sponge cake, firesticks of molasses candy, pitcher of lemonade, apple pie, half a pound of cheese and some baked potatoes—Mr. Jacklow liked baked potatoes. And he meant to get his mother and the rest of them out of the room (send them down to visit the dressmaker, who at the last moment was to be let into the secret), set the table himself, and then, when all was ready, call them up again. Wouldn't it be fun to look at their faces when they saw the ice cream, and the sponge cake, and the molasses candy, and the lemonade, and the apple pie, and the cheese, and the baked potatoes! It would be almost as good as the circus. Harry had been there once, and had never forgotten how delightful it was. And then after the supper was over, and they thought the entertainment at an end, wouldn't it be fun again to see their faces when he invited them down on the front stoop to see the pyrotechnic (look in your dictionaries) display!

So Harry had been saving, and saving,

and saving, until he found himself on the evening of the 3rd of July with one dollar and eighty-two cents in his right-hand trousers pocket. Times had been hard, very hard, since the new year began, and people had looked very sharply after their small change, or it is likely he would have had double that amount.

"But," he said to himself, a dollar will get the feast and the rest will buy at least a dozen nice fire works."

He got home from the store that evening too late and too tired to go out for the things he wanted, but the next morning he was up before the sun rose—and the sun rises pretty early during the summer months—and dressed and out in the street as the first sunbeams told the eastern sky morning had come. The streets were almost deserted, and no fire-crackers or pistols-shots yet broke the silence. But before he had walked a block some cannons boomed in the distance, and a peal of bells nearer by began ringing—"Yankee Doodle" very merrily. Whistling, and jingling the coins in his pockets in tune and time with the music of the bells, and wishing the stores where he meant to buy the materials for his party would open, he sauntered slowly along until he reached the dog pound—a place where all stray dogs are taken in hot weather and kept a day or two, so that their owners may, if they choose, seek and reclaim them. If found to be friendless at the end of that time, the poor things are put in a large tank prepared for that purpose and drowned.

Harry heard the imprisoned dogs barking and yelping; and stopping a moment to listen to them with a pitying look on his face—for, like all kind hearted boys, he dearly loved animals—he saw, sitting upon the door-step, a very pretty little girl. She wore a faded calico dress and a blue checked gingham apron; the apron she held gathered up in her hand, as though it held something of value, and her head and feet were bare. Her large eyes were of a soft brown, and her hair, of the same color, hung in straggling curls about her face. There wasn't another creature, man, woman, or child, with the exception of a milk man on the next block, in sight, and Harry looked at her with surprise. At last he said, with a smile, "I thought I got up early, but you must have got up much earlier than I did."

"I've been here all night," said the child, in a sweet, patient voice.

"Here all night!" repeated Harry, with a long whistle. "Good gracious! what'd you do that for?"

"Cause I want to go in the very minute the door opens. My Prince"—with a sob—"is in there."

"Your dog?" asked Harry.

"Yes. He's the dearest little brown dog in all the world, and I love him best of everything 'cept granny, and I love him just the same as her when she scolds, and my mamma brought him home one day just before she went to heaven, and I've had him ever since, and he's the best dog that ever lived, and never did anything wrong in his life 'cept once, when he stole a piece of boiled corned beef somebody'd set out in the back alley to cool, and he wouldn't have done that 'cept he knew how hungry granny and me was; and the tears rolled down her cheeks."

"Oh! I'm so sorry! Don't cry," said Harry. "Here, take my handkerchief and wipe your eyes."

"They'll kill him," commenced the child again, "if I can't coax them to let him out, and I don't want him to go to heaven that way. I'd rather we'd both go together; and he could run on in front, and then mamma'd say, 'Why, here's Prince—Nellie must be coming.'"

"Are you sure he's in there?" asked Harry.

"Oh yes. He was playing by our door yesterday afternoon, 'most night, and I was poking chips in the stove to make the kettle boil, and I heard him calling like he was in some trouble, and I run out, and two awful men had him in a cart and Jimmy O'Neil said they were going to take him to the pound. So I run after the cart without putting my hat on, and soon it went so fast I couldn't see it, and then I asked every body where the pound was. I remembered the name by thinking of a pound of sugar; and at last I got here, and it was shut up, and so I staid here all night; and do you think they'll open it soon?"

"What are you going to do when they do open it?" asked Harry.

"Go in and beg the dog man to give Prince back. He's such a little dog they won't miss him."

"But he won't give Prince back unless you pay two dollars," said Harry.

"I haven't any money—not a cent," said the child; "but I've brought these," rising and holding out her apron, which held a tiny china doll, a headless cat of the same material, a string of glass beads, two pink motto papers, and a round white shell. "These were all given to me Christmas," she said; "and I've kept 'em good, all 'cept the cat, and her head's in my pocket, and he can stick it on somehow, and the candies' out of the mottoes—I ate one and gave the other to granny—and the man may have them every one if he will let poor Prince go."

"I'm afraid he won't take them," said Harry, shaking his head.

"He won't? Oh, dear? what shall I do?" cried the child. "My dear little dog! my dear, dear little dog!"

"Don't! don't!" begged Harry, the tears starting in his own eyes. "You shall have Prince. I have a dollar and eighty-two cents, and I'll borrow the other eighteen cents from my mother."

The little girl's face lit up with joy; she thrust the toy into his hands. "Take them, you good, good boy!" she said, "and I'll tell my mamma about you when I say my prayers to-night."

Harry put them back in her apron. "You keep them till I come back," he said. "I won't be gone but a little while,"

and away he ran to his home. There he found his mother making the fire, and his father smelling the coffee she had measured out ready for boiling.

"Mother," said he, "will you lend me eighteen cents?"

"I intended to give you ten," she said "for your Fourth of July. But why do you want it so early in the morning?"

"Please, mammy," coaxed Harry, "Make it eighteen, and I'll pay it back to you soon; and may I have a slice of bread and butter for a poor little girl? I'll tell you all about it by-and-by?"

"I can't make it eighteen," said his mother; "I haven't another cent. Take the ten if you want it. It's in my pocket-book in the top bureau drawer, and the bread's on the table. Don't bother me any more—I'm in a hurry."

Harry helped himself, and then he ran away to where Nellie patiently awaited him, a smile of perfect trust upon her lips.

"It's all right," said Harry, putting the bread in her hand (an uncommon thick slice it was, too, with plenty of butter); "eat that."

By this time there was a number of people in the street, and pistols were being fired and torpedoes and fire-crackers set off and all the bells began ringing. And Harry looked at the ice-cream stand, which the owner—a jolly-faced old woman, who had just arrived with a bag and a basket of fruit, cakes and candy—was preparing for the day, and at an early rocket that was going up in the sky; and he thought of the long time he had been saving the money, and of the intended supper, and the fire-works and the tenement-house children oh-ing and ah-ing; and then, the door of the pound being opened, he took Nellie by the hand and marched in.

"Is there a little brown dog here?" he asked.

"Named Prince?" said Nellie, her love making her bold—"a dear little dog?"

"Ha ha!" laughed the man; "that's good. Why, there's fifty brown dogs here, and all of 'em dear, I think. Two dollars apiece. Do you want to get one out?"

"Yes, sir," said Harry "if you'll take a dollar and ninety-two cents—all I have."

At this moment, a tall, dark, odd-looking gentleman came into the doorway and stood just behind the children.

"Can't do it," said the man, "it's against the law to take less than two dollars."

Nellie began to sob again, and the tall gentleman came forward.

"Your dog?" he asked Harry.

"No, Sir; hers," replied the boy.

"Your sister?" was the next question.

"No, Sir. I never saw her till this morning. I came out to buy some things for a Fourth-of-July party, and I took a walk down this way 'cause the shops wasn't open, and I found her sitting on the door-step, and she'd been sitting there all night."

"All night?" repeated the gentleman, just as Harry had done, only without the whistle. "Tell me all about it."

And he looked so kind and good that Harry did tell him all about it. And when the story was finished, the gentleman said to the man at the door, "You'd better take the money, Lewis. But wait—we'll see if Prince is really here."

And led by their new friend, the children went in. There were dogs of all kinds there, all shapes, all sizes, all colors that dogs could be—yelping, barking, growling, and moaning.

Nellie looked eagerly around, and shouted "Prince!" as loud as she could shout, but could scarcely hear herself, so great was the noise. But a little brown dog, whose ears must have been much sharper than hers, sprang forward with a cry of delight that seemed to come out of the very top of his little brown head.

"It's Prince! it's Prince!" cried Nellie, clapping her hands in delight; and the next moment he was in her arms covering her face with dog kisses.

Harry marched out, handing the dogman the money as he passed. The tall gentleman followed with the little girl and her dog; and when they were all in the street once more, he stooped and patted Prince on the head, at the same time tucking Harry's handkerchief, which was hanging half way out, into his jacket pocket, and saying, "You'll lose that if you're not careful, my boy."

Then he kissed both children and went into the pound again. And Nellie threw her arms around Harry's neck and gave him a good hug, and told him she should love him forever; and made him promise to come and see her and Prince; and they parted.

"And that's the end of our Fourth-of-July party," said Harry, a short time after, to the Jacklow family, as he finished his breakfast and his story at the same time.

"You're a good boy, and did just right," said all the Jacklow family, with the exception of Mr. Jacklow, who remarked mildly that "that dollar and ninety-two cents would have kept him in tobacco a long while."

And baby Jennie came and gave her big brother a sweet kiss—in fact, a very sweet kiss, for some of the syrup which she had been eating on her bread and butter went with it; and as she toddled away, Harry pulled out his handkerchief to wipe his mouth. It came out with a jerk, and four bright new silver half dollars came with it, and falling on the floor with a pleasant sound, rolled away toward the corners as fast as they could. But they were pounced upon before they had rolled a foot.

"The tall gentleman!" said Harry.

"Good bless him!" said his mother.

"Three cheers for our side!" shouted Eddie, and proceeded to give them.

"I wish I had the morning paper," said Mr. Jacklow.

And there was a party, after all, and besides the family there were three other guests—an old woman, a small girl, and a little brown dog.—*Harpers Weekly.*

## Miscellaneous Items.

A man's food is bolted when his wife locks the cupboard door against him.

If anybody would only detect something for the detectives!—*New York Herald.*

Nothing makes a bald-headed man so mad as a fly that doesn't know when it has enough.

A peach always gravitates into a dealer's basket with the speckled side down. Now, why is it?

She never told her love—but that black 'ottle in the cupboard spoke volumes.—*N. Y. Express.*

Some people are like green lobsters—they never know when to let go when you shake hands with them.

Puck: "Heaven lies above us in our infancy," and we do our lying for ourselves when we get older.

There are more poor-houses constructed from the "bricks in men's hats" than from any other material.

Soliloquy by a Tippler: The public always notices when you have been drinking, and never when you are thirsty.

If a man answers you with a grunt, but him down as a lower order of animal accidentally mounted on 1 is hind-legs.

It is the experience, of circus proprietors that one stock of clown's jokes will outlast seven sets of canvas covering.

If man does want but little here below, and wants that little long, it's no indication that he hankers after it in his hash.

Let a man kick a woman to death and they call it ruffianism. Lash the brute on the bare back and they howl "barbarism!"

The prince imperial of Japan might in time have become a good polo player. Death cuts short many a bright prospect.

The man who goes fishing always enjoys more solid comfort while digging the bait than he does in bringing home the fish.

The individual who called tight boots comfortable defended his position by saying they made a man forget all his other miseries.

A lawyer who knows his business can spend \$10 worth of time in collecting \$5, but most of them are satisfied if they get all they collect.

Beware of sudden admiration. The man who takes twenty years to make up his mind that you are level-headed will die of the same opinion.

A celebrated philosopher used to say, "The favors of fortune are like steep rocks—only eagles and creeping things mount to the summit."

A man was boasting that he had an elevator in his house. "So he has," chimed in his wife, "and keeps it in the cupboard in a bottle."

A Grand Rapids man was holding a woman on his knee when his wife entered his office, and now he hasn't got any home to go to when the lodge is out.

A camper-out who went for his health says he is heartily glad to get home so that he can recruit for another season of healthful pleasure next year.

The man who "has helped a dozen young men to make their fortunes" lives here as elsewhere, but he never tells what interest he charged them.

Always blame your wife and children for neglecting to do things you forgot to tell them about. This is the rarest privilege of a natural born fool.

No one is able to explain why it is that a man feels he is more likely to get up in time in the morning by keeping his watch or clock half an hour fast.

A gentleman who was presented with an heir after having had six children of the other sex come into the family, acknowledged that it was a great surprise.

Science says that it took millions of years to evolve man from the oyster; observation shows that it takes less than a minute to transfer the oyster to the man.

"How even that lawn looks, my dear," said she to her husband as they were taking a suburban stroll. "Even!" he exclaimed, "I am disposed to think it's sod."

"Madam," said a certain one to Mrs. Brown, the other day "you are talking simply rubbish." "Yes, sir," replied the ever-crushing lady, "because I wish you to comprehend me."

Parson (sternly): "How could you come to church to be married to a man in such a state as that?" Bride (weeping): "It was not my fault, sir. I never can get him to come when he's sober?"

A fashionably-dressed woman entered a drug store the other day, and informed the clerk that her husband had overloaded his stomach, and that she desired to get an epidemic to relieve him.

Meeting a commercial traveler who was pretty full of old Robinson county, Grubbin remarked to his wife, "Tight as a drum, ain't he?" "Worse than that," she replied, "he's tight as a drummer."

A woman in Vermont was offered a new dress if she would walk twice around a grave yard at midnight, and the way she walked in and won it made her husband's hair stand up straighter than if he had seen a dozen spooks.

The latest sentimental agony in song is a tender ballad beginning:

"Who will come above me sighing, When the grass grows over me?"

We cannot say positive, who; but if the cemetery fence is in its usual repair, it will probably be the cow.

When a man leaves our side and goes to the other side, he is a traitor, and we always feel that there was a subtle something wrong about him. But when a man leaves the other side and comes over to us, then he is a man of great moral courage, and we always feel that he had sterling stuff in him.

## THE FARM AND HOUSE.

From sunflower seeds is expressed a palatable, clear and flavorless oil, the demand for which in Russia is very great. It is exported from St. Petersburg at about \$52 per gross ton, and is said to be extensively used, like cotton-seed oil, after purifying, for adulterating olive or salad oil. A considerable quantity is grown in Russia for oil pressing; the plant being largely cultivated in Keels and Podalia, also eastward on the black soil lands, the stalks being used for fuel.

When we see a mowing machine (as we did several on our way to a recent agricultural meeting,) left in the fields, under a tree, or some equally exposed situation, we wonder if the laws of economy are changing, or if the cry of hard times is not a vain delusion; it would seem as though the man who will so leave an important farm implement exposed to the sudden and variable changes of the atmosphere, the effect of which is to hasten its destruction with great rapidity, has no right to lift up the cry of hard times.—*Exchange.*

The Cellar.

Except in cases of direct poisoning from foul drinking-water, we doubt if there ever was a case of typhoid tendency that did not originate in a foul cellar, one neglected in the fall and spring; and even when diseases have been communicated by others, and from a distance, their fatality and malignity have been largely determined by the condition of the air sent through the house from its foundation and base, rising in every crack and chink to attack the weakest and most sensitive—a fact which cannot be stated too often until it has been drilled into the ears in the most negligent and stupid, and in some way fastened to their brains, if they have any, and until they cease to call that a visitation of Providence which is the result of their own indolence and slovenliness.

When everything has been picked up in the cellar and "set to rights," scraped and scoured, where that is desirable, a bucketful of whitewash will not cost a half-dollar, and will sweeten the whole winter and spring; and as it does not need to be done artistically, any boy can put it on, in the rough way that answers, in a half-holiday, for he will probably consider it a fine amusement, while if he does not so consider it, a slight reward will stimulate his ardor and accomplish all that is necessary.—*Harper's Bazar.*

A Stable With a Parlor.

Following the quarter circle of the stone roadway we come to the entrance of the cow stable, and crossing its portals, we are astonished at the extreme cleanliness of the interior, though we have seen enough to make us anticipate much attention to sanitary affairs in a model farm. The air is pure and fresh, the light invades the cornermost rafters, and the horrid squalor of the ordinary habitation allowed to the bovine is superseded by an ethical economy so admirable that humanitarian reproaches us and pricks our consciences with the contrast between this shelter for brutes and much inferior accommodations for man in the tenements of large cities. The stable is 100 feet wide; it has stalls for forty-eight cows; the stalls are five feet wide; the mangers are two feet wide; the slanting platforms upon which the animals stand are five and a half feet long, and each cow is allowed 900 cubic feet of air space, or more than double the usual quantity. The two rows of stalls are separated by a longitudinal passage ten feet wide; there is a transverse passage eight feet wide in the centre, and another longitudinal one in the rear of each row of stalls, of which the floor is divided into four sections. The sloping platforms of the stalls end in slightly inclined gutters, from which the manure passes through convenient traps into the cellar for storage. The room is lighted by eighteen large double windows, opening at the top and bottom, and for the early morning milkings fixed lamps with brilliant reflectors are employed. On the north side there is a small apartment with a few chairs or stools, a marble wash-stand, a large mirror, and an amplitude of towels. Whoever looks into the mirror is reminded by an inscription over it, as conspicuous as his own image, that "Handsome is that handsome does." This little room is called "the parlor," and the reader—especially the "practical farmer"—may be disposed to cry out against a parlor in a stable as an absurd piece of Utopian extravagance. It is in reality a dressing-room, and before milking-time each man is required to wash his face and hands and to brush his hair, tidiness of person being insisted upon. We forgot to tell that the floor of the barn is dry and sanded, and that there are no odors to offend the daintiest nostrils. The beds of the animals are changed every day, being formed of dried leaves spread upon the sanded platforms.

Over the entrance to the parlor an unerring clock sedately whispers the seconds, and ten minutes before it marks 5 A. M. and 5 P. M.—the milking-time—any visitors who may be in the barn are excluded; the milkmen (maids are an anachronism) enter the dressing-room and precisely as the fingers record the hour they re-appear, with hands and faces clean and hair smooth, and sit down to their task. As each cow is milked, its yield is separately weighed and the quantity recorded on a slate, which is passed with the milk to the dairymaid, who stores the warm, fragrant fluid in shallow pans during winter, and deep pans surrounded by running water during the summer.—*W. H. Rideing, in Harper's Magazine for October.*



The Bismarck Tribune.

BY HUNTLEY & JEWELL.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Weekly, One Year, \$2.50; Six Months, \$1.50; Three Months, .75.

ADVERTISING RATES: Transient—One inch, one time, \$1; subsequent insertions, 50 cents; additional lines, nonpareil, 10 cents. Notices—Seventy-five cents per folio for first insertion and fifty cents per folio for each subsequent insertion. Contract Rates—One inch, three months, \$5; six months, \$8; one year, \$12; 5 inches, \$15; 10 inches, \$25; 20 inches, \$40. Professional cards, four lines or less, per annum, \$3.50; additional lines, 10 cents. Local business notices, 10 cents per line each insertion. Original poetry, \$1 per line. All bills for Advertising will be collected monthly.

BISMARCK, MONDAY, DEC. 23, 1878.

BLAINE had not been in Washington twenty-four hours before he began waving the "bloody shirt."

A DEPUTY revenue collector will be appointed for Northern Dakota and a new district established accordingly.

THE Lead City Telegraph is being printed on tea paper. Astonishing how journalism does advance in the Hills.

It is stated that an elephant calf weighs about 200 pounds at birth. This statement is probably false or else the Fargo Republican man is a dwarf.

GEN. Weitzell, of the Engineer Corps, estimates the cost of all the necessary improvements of the Lake route to the seaboard at five million dollars.

MR. DEVENS will not leave the cabinet yet. The President objects to a wayward member of his household, and has induced a more harmonious feeling in the cabinet.

THE supplement in today's TRIBUNE may not be as interesting as the cuts on each side of the head would suggest; but it will be well to peruse it just for our own satisfaction.

IN the death of Bayard Taylor, United States minister to Berlin, America loses one of her ablest and noblest sons. He has done much for literature, and promised much as a statesman.

FOR the first time in over sixteen years gold struck in New York on Tuesday last and simultaneously with this news came a letter from a child in Deadwood stating that "pan" had struck gold near that city.

IT is now expected that work on the one hundred mile extension of the Northern Pacific road west of the Missouri river will commence early in the spring, the contract, in all probability, having been let today.

SAR-ON did not accomplish such a terrible feat after all when he went out and played his foes by the thousand with a raw bone. Thousands of aspirants for office during the last campaign were self-strained by the same weapon.

IT looks now as if Johnny Bull will not be obliged to fight the Russian Bear after all, as the Russian mission has been withdrawn from Kabul, thus leaving England the privilege of fixing up the difficulties with the Ameer without fear of the bear's growl.

THE TRIBUNE acknowledges the receipt of the report of the Commissioner of Agriculture, for the year 1877, at the instance of Hon. J. P. Kidder, Territorial delegate to the house of representatives of the United States. It is a work of much value to the producing class and the scientist.

SINCE Dr. Burleigh's interview with a Milwaukee Sentinel reporter, the gun-wad, alias the Yankton Press and Dakotian contains little else but eulogies over that shrewd, and the cherished idol—the railroad extension to that town. Won't the Personal Edition give a little capital news now and then?

ANOTHER newspaper has been born in the Black Hills. It is struggling under the cognomen of the Black Hills Central. It is published at Rochford, Pennington county, which is the nearest to the geographical center of the gold region. Newspapers are becoming as numerous in that section as road agents.

SUBCOMMITTEES have been appointed by the United States House of Representatives to go South and investigate the various cities suffering from the effects of the yellow fever scourge last fall. The country may have been better off if some of them had visited that section during the reign of "Yellow Jack."

THE Dakota Herald in its review of Northern Dakota newspapers says that "Lyn" has an inherent gift with Chambers, of the Times, and those who are inclined to him declare that he derives pleasure in telling falsehoods.

while the truth seems as repulsive to him as wormwood and gall." The Times should rise up and denounce the assertion in order to impress its truth upon the people.

As a genuine specimen of "truly rural" journalism, the following from the pen of the Jamestown Alert man lacks none of its qualifications:

Editors of country newspapers are not believers in the old adage, "No news is good news," and yet that is the condition of affairs at this place this week. It is most confoundingly dull, and as our Valley City correspondent said last week, it is most likely to remain so until spring opens and the flood of immigration again sets westward. The editor has been somewhat under the weather this week, and has not cared much whether he scheduled or not.

Perhaps a change of drinks, for instance catnip tea, boneset wash, seltzer, or if he would take a good dose of the essence of smartweed bet he would come out all right.

THE St. Paul Lake convention will have an effect. It will show Congress that the people of the Northwest are in earnest about the further improvement of their water route to the seaboard. It will help the Duluth harbor. The appropriation committees will be taught that the people want the Duluth harbor improved and protected. Therefore the river and harbor bill must contain a Duluth item; otherwise the nice equilibrium sought in distributing those appropriations will be disturbed. It also evidences the general interest in lake navigation and keeps before the public the prime importance of the northern waterway.

Her Winter Garb.

[Benton Record.]

Benton has put on its quiet winter appearance. In the spring, summer and fall Benton is as lively as a fashionable watering place, but in the winter it looks like a deserted village; yet the business houses seem to do a flourishing business at all seasons.

Dunn is selling Holiday Goods very Cheap.

We have just received a car load of Dressed Hogs, and are selling them at six cents per pound. HALLITT & KEATINGE.

A Bargain.

330 acres, one mile from the Sheridan House, at ten dollars per acre. GEO. W. SWEET.

We are selling Dressed Hogs at six cents per pound, Dressed Beef by the side, at eight cents per pound, Dressed Sheep at ten cents per pound, and defy competition. HALLITT & KEATINGE.

Bargain.

Four lots, for sale for \$88. 25th FLANNERY & WETHERBY.

Coal Oil.

Minnesota Proof, at 20-31 A. CRISSEY'S.

For Sale.

A saloon, known as the "Tom Haggerty" saloon, at Pleasant Point, with all the bar fixtures and stock. Inquire at the saloon. JON FOX.

Money to Loan.

On Real Estate or approved collateral. GEO. P. FLANNERY.

Wanted.

Six copies of THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE of date of October 16th, 1878, for which 30 cents per copy will be paid, upon their delivery to this office. 25

Tobacco.

Best Lorillard plug 75 cents per pound; Durham Smoking, 65 cents; fine cut, \$1.00 to \$1.15. A. CRISSEY'S, 20-31 Opposite Custer Hotel.

Boarding.

Single meals 25 cents, or board by the week at \$4.30, at J. F. Reardon's, Main Street, Bismarck, D. T.

If you want to see a nice display for the holidays, call at HALLITT & KEATINGE'S.

Money to Loan.

Terms satisfactory to suit borrowers. M. P. STATTERY, 12th Third Street, Bismarck, D. T.

Lots for sale on time. FLANNERY & WETHERBY.

Christmas Trees, Wreaths, Crosses, Stars and Anchors have arrived. HALLITT & KEATINGE.

Bottled goods of all kinds a specialty at the Minne-ha-ha Saloon.

A High Reputation.

For years the firm of Steele & Price have deservedly had a high reputation for the excellence of their Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Special Flavoring Extracts. They have now added a line of strictly Unique Perfumes, rivaling in excellence the perfumes of this or any other country. Sold by W. A. HOLLENBACH.

One thousand pounds Dressed Turkeys, Chickens, Ducks and Geese, in the order, just received. HALLITT & KEATINGE.

"Charley's Recommend," the best cigars in town are manufactured exclusively for the Minne-ha-ha Saloon.

To be or not to be, that is the great problem before the people of Bismarck, and when in future years the self-made men now struggling along unnoticed by the outside world, are asked what gave them the strength and courage to persevere and win, it will be in the early and constant use of the Belle of Moorhead Flour. For sale by all grocers.

Notice of Co-Partnership.

Col. Lounsbury and Dr. Bentley have formed a partnership for real estate business. Office in the Tribune Block and those who have lands to sell, houses to rent, or who wish to purchase are requested to communicate with them.

Notice.

Will the person who took a money order on Oskosh, Wis., for \$14.53 please call and give their name so the advice can be sent?

NEW YORK SUN FOR 1879. The Sun will be printed every day during the year to come. Its purpose and method will be the same as in the past: To present all the news in a readable shape, and to tell the truth though the heavens fall.

The Sun has been, is, and will continue to be independent of everybody and everything save the Truth and its own convictions of duty. That is the only policy which an honest newspaper need have. That is the policy which has won for this newspaper the confidence and friendship of a wider constituency than was ever enjoyed by any other American journal.

The Sun is the newspaper of the people. It is not for the rich man against the poor man, or for the poor man against the rich man, but it seeks to do equal justice to all interests in the community. It is not the organ of any person, class, sect, or party. There need be no mystery about its loves and hates. It is for the honest man against the rogues every time. It is for the honest Democrat against the dishonest Republican, and for the honest Republican against the dishonest Democrat. It does not take its cue from the utterances of any politician or political organization. It gives its support unreservedly when men or measures are in agreement with the Constitution and with the principles upon which this republic was founded for the people, and against the Constitution and constitutional principles when they are violated—as in the outrageous conspiracy of 1876, by which a man not elected was placed in the President's office, where he still remains—it speaks out for the right. That is the Sun's idea of independence. In this respect there will be no change in its program for 1879.

The Sun has fairly earned the hearty hatred of rascals, frauds, and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It hopes to deserve that hatred not less in the year 1879 than in 1878, 1877, or any year gone by. The Sun is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly with the affairs of the day. It has both the disposition and the ability to inform its readers the promptest, fullest and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the wide world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonging to well-established prosperity will be liberally employed.

The present disjunct condition of parties in this country, and the uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the events of the coming year. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of its varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide its through the labyrinth, will be an important part of the Sun's work for 1879.

We have the means of making the Sun, as a political, a literary, and a general newspaper, more entertaining and more useful than ever before; and we mean to apply them freely.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged. For the Daily Sun, a four-page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, postpaid, is 55 cents a month, or \$5.50 a year; or including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or \$7.00 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of the Sun is also furnished separately at \$1.20 a year, postage paid. The Sunday Sun, in addition to the current news, presents a most entertaining and instructive miscellany of literary, and miscellaneous matter, in bulk twice as great, and in value not inferior to that of the best monthly magazines of the day, at one-tenth of their cost.

The Weekly Sun is especially adapted for those who do not take a New York daily paper. The news of the week is fully presented, its market reports are furnished to the latest moment, and its agricultural department, edited with great care and ability, is unsurpassed. The Weekly Sun is probably read to-day by more farmers than any other paper published. A choice story, with other carefully prepared miscellany, appears in each issue. The Weekly protects its readers by barring its advertising columns against frauds and impostures, and it furnishes more good matter for less money than can be obtained from any other source.

The price of the Weekly Sun, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is \$1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending \$10 we will send an extra copy free. Address I. W. ENGLAND, 30-33 Publisher of the Sun, New York City.

Harper's Weekly. 1879. ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The Weekly remains easily at the head of illustrated papers by its fine literary quality, the beauty of its type and woodcuts.—Springfield Republican.

Its pictorial attractions are superb, and embrace every variety of subject and of artistic treatment.—Zion's Herald, Boston.

The Weekly is a potent agency for the dissemination of correct political principles, and a powerful opponent of shamism, frauds, and false pretences.—Evening Express, Rochester.

The Volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of his order.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year .....\$4 00  
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " " .....4 00  
HARPER'S BAZAR, " " .....4 00  
THE THREE publications, one year.....12 00  
Any TWO, one year.....7 00  
SIX subscriptions, one year.....20 00

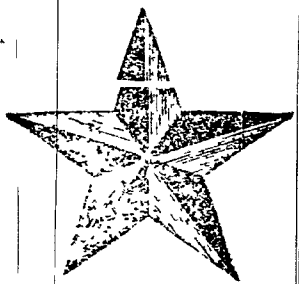
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The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising twenty-two Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5.25 per volume, freight and expense of purchase.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of \$1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

NORTH STAR



CIGAR FACTORY, Bismarck, D. T. Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars,

and dealer in imported Cigars, Fine Tobacco, Smokers' Goods, &c. A fine assortment of the best Fine Cuts. CLUM EMMONS, Proprietor.

J. W. RAYMOND & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, BISMARCK, D. T.

FIFTY-FIFTH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Connecticut Fire Insurance Company, Hartford.

JANUARY 1st, 1878.	
Cash Capital.	\$1,000,000 00
Surplus on Hand.	388,313 32
ASSETS.	
United States Government Bonds.	\$481,300 00
National Bank Stocks.	207,045 00
State and City Bonds.	153,070 00
Railroad Stocks and Bonds.	190,000 00
Loans and Bond and Mortgage.	141,000 00
Loans on Collateral.	74,837 77
Premiums in hands of Agents.	42,894 23
Cash on hand and in Bank.	97,576 33
LIABILITIES.	
Total amount of unpaid losses.	\$1,388,313 33
POLICIES WRITTEN IN BISMARCK.	\$22,925 00
F. J. CALL, Agent.	

MINNE-HA-HA SAMPLE ROOM,

Next Door to McLean & Macalder's, Bismarck, D. T. The Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars in Market. Bottled Milwaukee Lager a Specialty.

C. R. WILLIAMS, Prop. A FULL LINE OF BOTTLED AND SMOKERS' GOODS. Nov 12th

D. I. BAILEY & CO., BISMARCK, DAKOTA.

We wish to announce that we are now in receipt of a full assortment of one of the

LARGEST STOCKS OF HARDWARE

Ever brought to this market, consisting of a full and complete line of HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE, Granite, Iron, and Pressed Tinware, Lamps and Lamp Goods, Iron, Steel and Nails. Wooden Ware, Cordage, Building Paper, &c. In fact everything that can be found in a first-class hardware store. A complete line of

COOK & PARLOR STOVES,

all of which we will sell at reduced prices. An examination of our stock and prices is solicited.

COPPER, ZINC AND SHEET IRON WORK

Done on the shortest notice, and by the best of workmen. 21st

MRS. LINN, MILLINERY AND DRESS MAKING, The only First Class Establishment in the City. New Goods Received every Week. Latest Novelties always on Hand.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. PRICES REASONABLE. Corner 2d and 3rd Sts. Bismarck, D. T.

W. W. KIMBALL'S Mammoth Music House,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. ANNUAL SALES. \$1,500,000. SOLE WESTERN AGENT for the following instruments:—Hallett Davis & Co. J. P. Hale, and W. W. Kimball Pianos. W. W. Kimball and Smith's Organs. Instruments which have an established reputation far and wide, based upon experience in every respect. Old Instruments taken in exchange for New. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every instrument warranted for five years. F. J. CALL, BISMARCK, D. T., SOLE AGENT FOR NORTHERN DAKOTA. Catalogues Free on Application. Nov 12th

CITY MEAT MARKET, Bostwick & Rickenberg keep a full line of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS, SAUSAGE, GAME, POULTRY, FRESH AND SALT FISH, CANNED GOODS, FRESH OYSTERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c. FOURTH STREET, BISMARCK, D. T.



# NEWS AND NOTES.

Charley Ross is still hid.  
Washington Territory has a population of about 50,000 souls.  
A postal card has just made a trip around the world in 116 days.  
Dr. Asen Forl, of Butte, M. T., is dead. He was one of the oldest settlers, having been there since 1866.  
The Chicago Times, the wickedest sheet in the world, will appear Jan. 1st, a facsimile of the London Times.  
The three cases of genuine leprosy at the Charity Hospital, Blackwells Island, have caused quite a sensation in scientific circles.  
Secretary Sherman, it is reported, received over 800 telegrams last Wednesday, congratulating him on specie resumption in New York.

No trouble with the Indians is anticipated in Washington Territory this winter and the first telegraphed Secretary Schurz to that effect.  
Over \$11,500.00 worth of silver and gold bullion was assayed at the United States assay office of Helena, M. T., during the month of November.  
Bramble, Miller & Co.'s wholesale grocery house, of Yankton, burned last Tuesday loss, \$6,800. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

The Helena, Montana, Herald says that Col. MacLea, of the N. W. M. P. is to be stationed at Ottawa this winter, and that a re-organization is contemplated similar to the Australian system.

Geo. P. Norris, of Boston, and R. D. Carothers, of Marietta, Ohio, two capitalists and railroad men, are in Deadwood, and the Times says that "it is not unlikely they will have something to do with the first railroad to the Hills."

The census of the United States will be taken in 1880 in a remarkably short time. Arrangements are now being perfected where canvassers will reach every part of the country in one week's time. Young men contemplating matrimony should be in the mood.

We saw a man yesterday who had traveled all the way over a red part in a shipwreck, fought the Chinese, and had the honor to be the first to see a one-eyed girl. The eye was in the eye of the girl.

A Chicago man with a wooden leg, and plenty of the "old man" while saving wood recently saw his leg in two twice, and a crowd of people before he missed it. Who ever saw worse.

## Pleasant Family Gatherings.

Is there any one who can imagine more complete a gathering than a pleasant family gathering? While fathers, mothers and children gather around the hearthstone and each tells their story? A household destitute of such happiness is like a tree without its branches. Christmas is near, and with all its peace and joy, the little ones look forward to with anxious expectations. As to the "Old Santa Claus" will bring them would disappoint them and see their little eyes filled with tears as they look at their playmates. After a long and arduous journey presents for them out of the immense assortment of toys at St. Nicholas. He has the fullest assortment of School Books, works of Fiction etc. in the city. The stock of Fresh Candles, Ants, Fruit Cakes, and all kinds of Miscellaneous articles constantly on hand. Best variety of handkerchiefs in the city. All these goods are fresh and last year's stock being palmed off on the public. A visit to his store will convince anyone that he has the largest, best and most complete stock of holiday goods ever brought to this city, and is selling them at lower prices than they have ever been offered at before west of St. Paul.

## The U. S. Signal Service.

Gradually the wild and ungovernable forces of nature are, through science, made of use to man. Following in the wake of the ingenious inventions for the use of steam and electricity, comes the organization of the U. S. Signal Service. It is not wonderful that a system could be originated and perfected when an operator can accurately predict the weather of a distant locality. And yet experience proves our "storm signals" to be reliable. Equally great are the advances made in the science of medicine. Step by step, uncertainties and doubts have yielded to absolute certainty. The discoveries of Harvey and Jenner have been succeeded by the Golden Medical Discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce. No longer need people despair of being cured. Hundreds of testimonials are on file in the office of Dr. Pierce from those who have abandoned all hope, and had been given up to the physicians and friends. Insipid, consumptive, bronchitis and scrofulous tumors, speedily and permanently yield to the benediction of the discovery. If the bowels be kept open, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative. For full particulars, see Pierce's Remedy on Book, given away by all druggists.

## Blue Assortment of Holiday Goods.

## Christmas and New Year's Gifts.

Young folks, old folks, Gentles, Dicks and Chickens, all kinds of goods, need a good selection of gifts.

## Letter List.

List of letters remaining unclaimed for in the Post Office at Helena, Montana, for the week ending, Dec. 25th, 1878.

B. E. F.	Robert James
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry
B. E. F.	John Henry

## Club Dance.

The second of the series of club dances at Champion Hall will take place Wednesday evening, Dec. 25th.

## PER COMMITTEE.

## New Years Ball.

A New Years Ball will be given by the Young Men's Association of Helena, Montana, on the evening of January 1st, 1879. Tickets are on sale at the following prices:

Seating tickets at FISHER'S for \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$65, \$70, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$7.25, \$7.50, \$7.75, \$8.00, \$8.25, \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.25, \$9.50, \$9.75, \$10.00, \$10.25, \$10.50, \$10.75, \$11.00, \$11.25, \$11.50, \$11.75, \$12.00, \$12.25, \$12.50, \$12.75, \$13.00, \$13.25, \$13.50, \$13.75, \$14.00, \$14.25, \$14.50, \$14.75, \$15.00, \$15.25, \$15.50, \$15.75, \$16.00, \$16.25, \$16.50, \$16.75, \$17.00, \$17.25, \$17.50, \$17.75, \$18.00, \$18.25, \$18.50, \$18.75, \$19.00, \$19.25, \$19.50, \$19.75, \$20.00, \$20.25, \$20.50, \$20.75, \$21.00, \$21.25, \$21.50, \$21.75, \$22.00, \$22.25, \$22.50, \$22.75, \$23.00, \$23.25, \$23.50, \$23.75, \$24.00, \$24.25, \$24.50, \$24.75, \$25.00, \$25.25, \$25.50, 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# BISMARCK BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

## BANKS.

**MERCHANTS BANK OF BISMARCK**  
WALTER MANN, Pres. W. R. MERRIAM, Vice Pres.  
Geo. H. FAIRCHILD, Cashier.  
Correspondents—American Exchange National Bank, New York; Merchants National Bank, St. Paul.

## BANK OF BISMARCK.

J. W. RAYMOND, Pres. W. B. BELL, Cash.  
A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections promptly attended to.

Geo. P. FLANNERY, J. K. WETHERBY.  
(City Attorney.)  
FLANNERY & WETHERBY—Attorneys.  
West Main Street.

PRESTON & WILLIAMS—(D. O. Preston, E. A. Williams) Main Street.

ANSELY GRAY, A. D. PRATT.  
GRAY & PRATT—Counselors at Law. Money to loan. Commercial paper bought. 73m6

DAVID STEWART—Attorney at Law and City Justice 761f

JOHN A. STOEYELL, Attorney at Law. Fourth Street.

JOHN E. CARLIAND, Attorney at Law, and County Attorney.

## PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

B. F. SLAUGHTER, M. D.,

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,**  
And U. S. Examining Surgeon.  
Office at Dunn's Drug Store.

**DOCTOR H. R. PORTER.**  
Office and Residence next to the Tribune Building.

Wm. A. BENTLEY,

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,**  
Office, Tribune block, up stairs, next door west of Post Office.

Calls left on the slate in this office promptly attended to. 50

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The largest and best Hotel in Dakota Territory

CORNER MAIN AND FIFTH STREETS.

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**SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN**

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Diseases of Horses, especially difficulties in

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My Buggies and Harness are new and of the

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Made to order in all the latest styles, and war-

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Their motto is, "GOOD WORK AT FAIR PRICES."

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Bread, Pies, Cakes, Green Fruits,

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AND ATTACHMENTS,

Oils, Threads, and all kinds of Sewing Machine

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**Second-Hand Machines**

Always on hand, for sale very cheap. Call and

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200 CORDS SEASONED WOOD

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COUNSELLOR AT LAW, 26 Grant Place,

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**Special Flavoring Extracts**

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USE STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.

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Having Purchased the Entire Business of R. C. SEIP & CO. I Shall Put in

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KEPT IN HARDWARE STORES AT LOWER PRICES

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**COOK STOVES,**

Enough to Supply the whole Region Bought and Shipped at Low Rates.

Tinware, Steamboat Supplies, Kitchen Ware, &c.

**Large Stock of Pocket Knives, Shears and scissors.**</



## HYDROPHOBIA.

[Philadelphia Special to Chicago Tribune.]

Major William H. Dobb, a prominent citizen of Newcastle, died from hydrophobia this morning. His sufferings were intense. He was taken suddenly ill on Saturday, and, although everything has been done to save him, all efforts were unavailing. Major Dobb was bitten by his own dog, a Newfoundland, about ten weeks ago. The dog was lying before the door, and, in going in, the major stopped a moment to caress the animal. It did not take kindly to the petting, however, and finally snapped at Maj. Dobb's hand. One finger of the right hand was bitten. The major immediately sucked the wound until it ceased bleeding, and, as the wound healed in a day or two, he did not fear any serious result. Subsequently the dog showed symptoms of rabies, and was shot. The weeks passed by, and the incident was hardly thought of, especially as the major had ceased taking elocampense and milk, considering that he was out of danger. On Saturday morning he went to the hydrant and drew a glass of water. When he placed the goblet to his lips, however, he found it impossible to force a drop down his throat. He threw the water away and went into breakfast. A cup of coffee was placed by his plate, and he attempted to drink, but in vain. "It has come at last," he said, and arose from the table. A physician was sent for, and, upon his arrival found the major calm and composed, but believing firmly that there was no help for him. He drank a little beer during the day. Yesterday morning he grew worse, and an unexpected noise would cause cold tremors to run over him. By noon he grew delirious, and his convulsions increased. They grew stronger and stronger, and several men were brought into his room to hold him in bed. Once he broke away from them and tried to jump from the window, but was restrained before he could leap out. He frequently tried to drink in his more rational moments, and his efforts to force liquid down his throat are described as terrible. His eyes would seem to burst from their sockets, and his strong frame shivered in every part. During the night Maj. Dobb suffered most indescribable agonies, and at 2:45 this morning, in the midst of a convulsion, death came to his relief. The deceased leaves a wife and two sons and two daughters. He was over 60 years of age, and was born in England. During the war he was an engineer in the navy. Newcastle is thoroughly alarmed on the dog question. It is said that the same dog that caused Maj. Dobb's death also bit another person. Several dogs were killed to-day, and others are being muzzled.

## A CHAT WITH GROESBECK.

[New York Graphic.]

Ex-Congressman W. S. Groesbeck is at the Everett House, having just arrived from Europe, where, as one of the commissioners to the monetary conference, he has shown his acumen and knowledge of finance. Mr. Groesbeck, when visited by the writer, said he did not care to speak of the monetary conference, as the report would be likely to be forthcoming in a short time. Ex-Governor Fenton will pass the winter in Italy. The European commission were in favor of the rules of the Latin Union. Mr. Groesbeck thought, and the action of Mr. Groesbeck, one of England's representatives, was influenced by the policy of the home government. While abroad Mr. Groesbeck met General Grant for a short time. The general and his changes for re-nomination are, he says, much discussed over there. Grant has many warm friends, owing in great part, Mr. Groesbeck thinks, to the fact that he is constant in his friendships. Senator Conkling, too, he thinks, is strong in his respect. Mr. Groesbeck hardly believes that the general will be re-nominated. "How do you regard resumption, Judge?" asked the writer. "The people seem too willing to give the resumption law a fair trial, and no obstacles are likely to be thrown in its way. It remains to be seen whether the national banks and the national banking system will accord and harmonize with resumption. Thus far, the people have experienced only the benefits and few of the defects of this system. They are still here, in the East, at least, in favor of it. They have attacked the savings banks because they have suffered by them. It is extremely difficult to attack a genuine power, like the national banks, but the time may come when it can be done in detail. The failure of the banks from time to time will cause the people to become disenchanted with the system. As you say, resumption." "Senator Thurman and Ex-Governor Hendricks," Mr. Groesbeck added, "are both very popular in the West, and it is difficult to say which is ahead in the Presidential race. Thurman is a man of fine intellect," he added. "What do you think of politics in this State, Judge Groesbeck?" "It seems to me that the alliance of the Republicans and Democrats will not be of long duration. Where there is a divergence on so many points, a concentration on one point is not likely to be a lasting one." Mr. Groesbeck inquired as to Mr. Tilden's prospects, and said that his hand was apparent in the recent elections in this city and State.

## PAINTED WOMEN.

[Washington Correspondence—Chicago Times.]

The oldest inhabitant cannot recollect a time when there were more "painted women" at the capitol than upon the opening day of the third session of the Forty-fifth Congress. Bold rascals, painted in the deadest white, paraded the galleries and in every nook of the capitol. The doubtful lounged about in groups or pairs, chatting easily, never making themselves obtrusive, for that appears to be the unwritten etiquette of the tribe at the capitol. Letter-writers have dwelt in times past upon the powerful temptations that surround the innocent and unsuspecting members. But that no one, even among the most credulous, need believe, if the member wants to go astray he will find plenty of means easy to access, but it is the same in Washington as anywhere else. Temptations of a gross character do not come and boldly attack a man whose reputation is not already a little "marched." The member who has once been seduced through his weakness is of course ever afterwards a political prostitute. The painted women, who thronged the capitol Monday went there not to tempt anyone, but to meet old friends. The quiet looks and subdued asides merely showed a good understanding between the members who were perhaps more noted for their intrigues than for their statesmanship. With few exceptions, these men belonged to the humbly rank and file, who were not prominent enough to care too much for their moral reputations. Some of the public women who come to the galleries, are models of discretion. There is one little French woman who has come to the gallery steadily for the past three years. She always occupies the same seat and never appears to know anybody but the members of the California delegation. She is always about with some one of them, and when in the gallery, is nearly always engaged in telegraphic signals with them. No one could swear anything against her character from her public demeanor.

## MORE NAUGHTY MINSTRELS.

[New York Star.]

Clerical eccentricities are as the sands of the sea. No sooner has the sensation created by Rev. Mr. Dally of Newark by getting into a tantrum over a troupe of negro minstrels partially spent itself, than another of the same ilk comes to light close upon its heels. Another sensitive gentleman of the cloth has been seriously shocked, and another troupe is remanded to the limbo of the sacrilegious. The bone of contention is as follows: The Episcopalians of the pleasant little village of Arlington, in Hudson county, have been giving lectures and concerts to raise funds for building a house of worship. They obtained the Methodist church, of which Rev. Mr. Crawford is pastor, for a concert in the latter part of October. Everybody was satisfied with the affair because it was a financial success—everybody but Rev. Mr. Crawford. This gentleman startled his congregation two Sundays ago by announcing that the church had been desecrated by the concert, and that it was necessary to exorcise the edifice before religious services could be held there.

Mr. Crawford then asked the trustees to come forward and assist in rededicating the church. But the trustees refused. So Mr. Crawford performed the ceremony alone. After the "Amen," Squire Fickel, one of the trustees, rose to explain. "I was a Methodist," said the Squire, "before many members of this church were born. I saw nothing at the concert that could be objected to by any reasonable man. As the action of the pastor reflects upon me, I shall resign my position as trustee." This speech caused lively excitement.

During the week the trustees held a meeting. Not wishing the scandal should spread, they decided to let the matter drop. The Methodist church is the only place of worship in Arlington. Persons of all denominations contributed to its erection. The general sentiment among the villagers is that the Methodists should take their turn in assisting the Episcopalians, and that the stand taken by Mr. Crawford savors of narrow-mindedness.

The reverend gentleman says that portions of the entertainment, notably the dialect performances by negro, Dutch and Irish comedians, were highly sacrilegious, and that it was an absolute necessity that the church should be rededicated before it could be used as a house of worship.

Windom Reporter, Dec. 12: James Williams, a brakeman on Conductor Wilkin's freight train, was thrown from a freight car at Bluff Switch, Saturday morning, receiving a fracture of several ribs. He lay insensible for a time, the train crew being ignorant of the mishap; the run was made to Heron Lake before his absence was discovered. In the meantime consciousness returned, and he crawled to a house near by and found a team to bring him to Windom, where he now is at the Windom hotel, under the care of Dr. Greene, and doing well.

A fashionable young miss was taken by her mother to the eccentric and celebrated Dr. Abernethy for treatment. The doctor ran a knife under her belt in the presence of her mother, instantly severing it, and exclaiming, "Why, madame, don't you know that there are upwards of thirty yards of bowels squeezed under that grille. Go home, give nature fair play, and you'll have no need of a prescription?"

## THE IMPROVED ARMOUR Family Knitting Machine

KNITS A COMPLETE STOCKING ANY SIZE.

Durable, Simple, and a Great Variety of FANCY WORK.

Price \$40.

But to introduce our machine into all parts of the country we have determined to sell

Two Sample Machines only

in each county, for

\$19 Each.

The number will be limited, and each sale at the low price will be to introduce the machine.

AGENTS wanted to sell

Order early, and secure one.

This machine was exhibited at the

Price at New York: not Ohio \$10.00

Per year, also at

County Fairs.

Address: ARMOUR KNITTING MACHINE CO.

Watertown, New York.

Full instructions for operating accompany machine.

The ordering of two machines secures county agency.

## WELCH'S HOTEL,

DEADWOOD, BLACK HILLS

First Class in every particular. New and Elegantly Furnished.

CERTAINLY THE BEST HOTEL IN THE CITY.

Headquarters for Minnesota, Wisconsin and Dakota People.

E. WELCH &amp; CO., Proprietors.

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PARKIN &amp; WHALEN,

GENERAL COMMISSION.

Dealers in

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FRUITS, &amp; C.

BISMARCK, D. T.

PIANOS!

SHEET MUSIC.

VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS, STRINGS, BANJOS, and everything in the Music line.

The Only Wholesale Music House in Minnesota.

DYER &amp; HOWARD

96 East Third St. ST. PAUL.

7 Octave, Latest Improved, Warranted Five Years, for \$350. Sold on easy monthly payments.

The Celebrated

MASON &amp; HAMLIN ORGANS,

In the finest cases ever put on the market. Sold on low prices or Rented until the rent pays.

CATALOGUES AND INFORMATION SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

## CATARRH

Of Ten Years' Duration. The Discharges Thick, Bloody, and of Foul Odor. Senses of Smell and Taste Wholly Gone. Entirely Cured by

## SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen—I feel compelled to acknowledge to you the great benefit SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE has done for me. For ten years I have been afflicted with this loathsome disease, and especially in the winter time has it been most severe. The discharges have been thick and bloody, emitting a foul odor so bad that my presence in a room with others was very offensive to them. One week after commencing the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE I was not troubled with it at all. My sense of taste and smell, which were wholly gone, have now fully returned, and my general health is much improved. Yours, MELLOUNE H. FORD, St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 15, 1876.

LATER.

Gentlemen: The package of Sanford's Cure arrived here by light rail, and I know what I should have done if it had not been for this. I have tried Nasal Douches and everything else, and although I have been able to stop the offensive discharges, I have not been able to recover my senses of taste and smell. I tried Sanford's Cure. You cheerfully inform them in detail as to the benefit the remedy has been to me. Yours, MELLOUNE H. FORD, St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 15, 1876.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Nov. 5, 1876.

## SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE

Not only promptly arrests the corroding discharges in Catarrh, but, by sympathetic action, it restores to the head all the organs of the head that have become affected, viz., and, exhibiting the following affections:

Defective Eyesight, Inflamed and Watery Eyes, Painful and Watery Eyes, Loss of Hearing, Paralysis of the Ear, Ringing Noises in the Head, Dizziness, Nervous Headache, Painful and Watery Eyes, Loss of Senses of Taste and Smell, Elevation of the Uvula, Inflammation of the Tonsils, Putrid Sore Throat, Tickling or Itching Lungs, Bronchitis, and Bleeding of the Lungs.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhalant Tub with full and carefully prepared instructions for use in all cases. Price, \$1. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

## COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS

AN Electro-Catalytic Battery, combined with a highly medicated plaster, forming the grandest curative agent in the world of medicine, and utterly surpassing all other Plasters heretofore in use. They are much more in use with the old Plaster in a whole year. They do not irritate, they cure.

Relieve Affections of the Chest. Relieve Affections of the Lungs. Relieve Affections of the Heart. Relieve Affections of the Liver. Relieve Affections of the Spleen. Relieve Affections of the Kidneys. Relieve Affections of the Bladder. Relieve Affections of the Nerves. Relieve Affections of the Muscles. Relieve Affections of the Skin. Relieve Affections of the Bones. Relieve Affections of the Sinews.

No matter what may be the extent of your suffering, try one of these Plasters. Relief is instantaneous, a fact supported by hundreds of testimonials in our possession. The Plaster is the most important discovery in pharmacy date back less than ten years, and that combinations of gums and essences of plants and herbs are here united with electricity to form a curative Plaster, in soothing, healing, and strengthening properties far superior to all other Plasters heretofore in use as the scientific physician is to the non-scientist.

Price, 25 Cents.

Be careful to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER. It is the only one of the kind. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers throughout the United States and Canada, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

NOT FAIL

to send for our

Catalogue, it

contains prices

and descriptions

of the most every

article in general

use, and is

valuable to ANY PERSON

contemplating

the purchase of any article for

personal or Agricultural use. We

have done a large trade the past season

in the remote parts of the Territories,

and have, with few exceptions, exceed-

ed the expectations of the purchaser,

many claiming to have made a saving

of 40 to 60 per cent. We mail these

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20 Chromo Cards (perfect beauties) with

name, 10c. Outfit, 10c. TURNER CARD CO.,

Ashtand, Mass.

## VEGETINE

WILL CURE RHEUMATISM.

MR. ALBERT CROOKER, the well-known druggist and apothecary, of Springfield, Me., always advises every one troubled with Rheumatism to try VEGETINE.

Read His Testimony.

SPRINGFIELD, ME., Oct. 12, 1876.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir:—Fifteen years ago last fall I was taken sick with rheumatism, was unable to move until the next April. From that time until three years ago this fall I suffered everything with rheumatism. Sometimes there would be weeks at a time that I could not step one step; these attacks were quite often. I suffered everything that a man could. Over three years ago last spring I commenced taking VEGETINE and followed it up until I had taken seven bottles; have had no rheumatism since that time. I always advise every one that is troubled with rheumatism to try VEGETINE, and not suffer for years as I have done. This statement is gratuitous as far as Mr. Stevens is concerned. Yours, etc., ALBERT CROOKER, Firm of A. Crooker & Co., Druggists and Apothecaries.

## VEGETINE

HAS ENTIRELY CURED ME.

BOSTON, Oct. 1876.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir:—My daughter, after having a severe attack of Whooping Cough, was left in a feeble state of health. Being advised by a friend she tried the VEGETINE, and after using a few bottles was fully restored to health.

I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism. I have taken several bottles of the VEGETINE for this complaint, and am happy to say it has entirely cured me. I have recommended the VEGETINE to others with the same good results. It is a great cleanser and purifier of the blood; it is pleasant to take and I can cheerfully recommend it.

JAMES MORSE, 364 Athens Street.

## VEGETINE

Rheumatism is a Disease of the Blood.

The blood in this disease, is found to contain an excess of fibrin. VEGETINE acts by converting the blood from its diseased condition to a healthy circulation. VEGETINE regulates the vessels which is very important in this complaint. One bottle of Vegetine will give relief; but to effect a permanent cure, it must be taken regularly, and may take several bottles, especially in cases of long standing. VEGETINE is sold by all Druggists. Try it, and your verdict will be the same as that of thousands before you, who say, "I never found so much relief as from the use of VEGETINE," which is composed exclusively of Barks, Roots and Herbs.

"VEGETINE," says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies have failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., Nov. 14, 1876.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker, and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the VEGETINE. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using the VEGETINE. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody. Yours truly, Mrs. LIZZIE M. PACKARD, No. 16 Lagrange Street, South Salem, Mass.

## VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is sold by All Druggists.

## CHICAGO, ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS LINE.

That portion of the Chicago &amp; Northwestern

Railway between Chicago and Elroy (via Madison),

and the Wisconsin Railway between Elroy and

St. Paul, will hereafter be operated as a single line

between Chicago, St. Paul &amp; Minneapolis. This

line will hereafter be known as the

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS LINE.

It is the ONLY LINE between St. Paul and

Minneapolis and Chicago that passes through

Hudson, Eau Claire, Black River Falls, Elroy and

Madison, and is the ONLY Line

that runs on any of the celebrated

Pullman Palace Cars.

All trains on this great route run through without

change of cars. Pullman Palace Drawing

Room and Sleeping Cars are run on its trains.

All Express trains on this route are equipped

with Westinghouse Patent Air Brakes and Mil-

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most Perfect Protection against Accidents known.

The popular route is unsurpassed for Speed,

Comfort and Safety. The smooth, well ballasted

and perfect track of Steel Rails, the celebrated

Pullman Palace cars, the Perfect Telegraph system

of moving trains, the regularity with which

they run, the admirable arrangement for running

through, care between Chicago and all points

West, North and North-west, secure to passengers

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